FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	14
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	15
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	16
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	17
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	18
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	19
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - SELF-INSURANCE FUND - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	21
STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - SELF-INSURANCE FUND - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	22
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - SELF-INSURANCE FUND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	23
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - AGENCY FUNDS	24
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	25
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE	71
CAFETERIA FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE	72
SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS	73

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Continued)

CONTENTS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED):	
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	74
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS	76
NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	78
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS	79
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS	80
ORGANIZATION	81
SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE	83
SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME	
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS	85
RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	88
SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED	89
SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS	
NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	91
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE	

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CONTENTS

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	100
STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	107



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Audit Committee and Board of Education San Diego Unified School District San Diego, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Diego Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise San Diego Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Diego Unified School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." Also, in November 2013 the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". As discussed in notes 8 and 9, GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71 are effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. These Statements replace the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers" and GASB Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures". GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71 establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses as well as identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to period of employee service. Note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) requirements about pensions are also addressed. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, the 2015 beginning net position has been restated to correct for the understatement of accreted interest and accrued interest. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* on pages 4 to 13 and the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Cafeteria Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Progress, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 71 to 77 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise San Diego Unified School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditure of federal awards as required by *U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2015 on our consideration of San Diego Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering San Diego Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe Horwark LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Sacramento, California November 30, 2015

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

Management's discussion and analysis of San Diego Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides as overview of the District's financial activities for the school year ended June 30, 2015. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position was (\$204.65) million at June 30, 2015. This was a decrease from the prior year due to the new GASB 68 pension reporting requirements.
- Overall revenues were \$1,571.96 million which were greater than expenses of \$1,538.80 million.

This annual report consists of the following parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, supplementary information and findings and recommendations. These sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- **Fund financial statements** focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customer a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include only governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. LCFF funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was (\$204.65) million at June 30, 2015, as reflected in the table below. Of this account, (\$1,056.47) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that new position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities			
	2015	2014	Net Change	
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 899,931,336	\$ 1,158,764,248	\$ (258,832,912)	
Capital assets	2,817,315,018	2,569,210,234	248,104,784	
Total Assets	3,717,246,354	3,727,974,482	(10,728,128)	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	85,489,033	6,618,555	78,870,478	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	152,216,958	186,597,455	(34,380,497)	
Long-term liabilities	3,594,693,664	2,573,820,058	1,020,873,606	
Total Liabilities	3,746,910,622	2,760,417,513	986,493,109	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	260,478,125	-	260,478,125	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	501,154,788	582,613,341	(81,458,553)	
Restricted	350,662,388	407,506,777	(56,844,389)	
Unrestricted	(1,056,470,536)	(15,944,594)	(1,040,525,942)	
Total Net Position	\$ (204,653,360)	\$ 974,175,524	\$(1,178,828,884)	

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges them slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year. Beginning net position was restated in 2015 due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and for the understatement of accrued interest and accreted interest.

	Governmental Activities			
REVENUES	2015 2014 Net Cha			
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 2,587,286	\$ 3,025,345	\$ (438,059	
Operating grants and contributions	320,162,485	304,855,388	15,307,097	
Capital grants and contributions	2,318,741	23,429,966	(21,111,225	
General revenues				
Property taxes	812,869,260	813,823,805	(954,54	
Unrestricted federal and state aid	361,000,039	227,960,911	133,039,128	
Other	73,018,274	162,521,162	(89,502,888	
Total Revenues	1,571,956,085	1,535,616,577	36,339,50	
EXPENSES				
Instruction	783,196,482	734,168,427	49,028,05	
Instruction-related services	145,765,781	132,880,938	12,884,84	
Pupil services	192,643,085	190,227,597	2,415,48	
General administration	48,356,766	52,906,778	(4,550,01	
Plant services	119,410,809	101,012,608	18,398,20	
Ancillary and community services	4,394,766	4,260,058	134,70	
Debt service	107,888,245	79,018,849	28,869,39	
Other outgo	8,494,067	11,647,169	(3,153,10	
Depreciation	85,266,659	79,948,102	5,318,55	
Enterprise activities	43,382,550	743,179	42,639,37	
Total Expenses	1,538,799,210	1,386,813,705	151,985,50	
Change in net position	33,156,875	148,802,872	(115,645,99	
Net Position - Beginning	974,175,524	825,372,652	148,802,87	
Cumulative effect of GASB 68 Implementation	(1,107,236,271)		(1,107,236,27	
Restatement (Note 13)	(104,749,488)	-	(104,749,48	
Net Position - Ending	\$ (204,653,360)	\$ 974,175,524	\$(1,178,828,88	

As reported in the Statement of Activities on page 15, the net cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$1,213.73 million. The amount ultimately financed for these activities through taxes and State Aid was \$1.173.87 million, the cost paid by those who benefited from the programs was \$2.58 million, the costs from capital grants and contributions is \$2.32 million, the costs paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions was \$320.16 million and other revenues contributed to \$73.02 million.

	Net Cost of Services		
	2015	2014	
Instruction	\$ 618,131,656	\$ 550,690,971	
Instruction-related services	119,558,766	102,450,503	
Pupil services	97,534,963	107,038,671	
General administration	40,960,392	47,833,663	
Plant services	88,357,987	73,913,208	
Ancillary and community services	4,357,024	4,260,058	
Debt service	107,888,245	79,018,849	
Other outgo	8,297,270	11,246,316	
Depreciation	85,266,659	79,948,102	
Enterprise activities	43,377,736	(897,335)	
Total Expenses	\$ 1,213,730,698	\$ 1,055,503,006	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$686.87 million, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$983.42 million. The District's General Fund had \$6.55 million more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's Building Fund had \$302.67 million less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's Building Fund had \$302.67 million less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's Building Fund had \$302.67 million less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$53.27 million less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's County School Facilities Fund, had \$.69 million less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Total expenditures by location for Proposition S and Proposition Z for capital outlay including planning, design, and construction for various bond related projects are noted in the following table:

		Fiscal Year 2014-2015			
	Pi	Proposition S		Proposition Z	
Elementary Schools	\$	12,513,774	\$	90,277,176	
Middle Schools		18,708,185		35,359,177	
High Schools		15,125,921		71,977,057	
Program Expenditures		3,657,207		35,276,643	
Atypical		557,835		19,588,057	
Other District Sites				258,333	
Total Expenditures	\$	50,562,922	\$	252,736,443	

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2014-15

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a monthly basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The following were the major changes between original and final budget:

- Revenues that were received during the year that were not included in the originally adopted budget Federal grants and special projects of \$58.44 million, State grants and special projects of \$12.54 million, and Local grants and special projects of \$11.04 million.
- Expenditures that were appropriated during the year which were not included in the originally adopted budget Salaries and Benefits of \$7.68 million, Books and Supplies of \$21.38 million, Services and Other Operating Expenses of \$20.12 million, and Capital Outlay of \$28.03 million.

Even with these adjustments, actual revenues available were \$36.95 million above the final budgeted amounts. The most significant variances resulted from:

- Federal revenues were \$49.5 million below final budget amounts. NCLB/IASA grants were \$10.57 million below appropriations and the Magnet School Assistant Program was \$4.64 million below appropriations. Two other Federal grants from the Department of Defense Office of Economic Adjustment had a combined total of \$31.42 million below appropriations which largely represents grant money that has been awarded but not spent by June 30, 2015.
- State and local revenues were \$88.03 million above final budget amounts. Mandated Cost One-Time reimbursement for discretionary purposes was \$55.45 million above appropriations, STRS On-Behalf Pension Contribution was \$28.58 million above appropriations, Prop. 39 grant funding was \$5.66 million above appropriations, Special Education programs were \$1.25 million below appropriations, and various Local grants were \$1.01 million above appropriations.

Actual expenditures were \$40.88 million below the final budgeted amounts. The most significant variances resulted from:

- Salaries and benefits were \$24.30 million above final budget amounts which reflects the adjustment for STRS On-Behalf Pension Contribution.
- Books and Supplies were \$23.06 million below final budget amounts.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

- Contract Services and Operating Expenditures were \$10.09 million below final budget amounts.
- Capital Outlay was \$32.08 million below final budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2014-15 the District had invested \$2,817.32 million in capital assets, net of depreciation.

	Governmental Activities			
	2015	2014	Net Change	
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Land	\$ 275,955,889	\$ 272,018,659	\$ 3,937,230	
Construction in progress	1,164,133,719	1,226,953,762	(62,820,043.00)	
Land Improvements	256,409,656	244,356,095	12,053,561.00	
Buildings & Improvements	1,872,899,114	1,511,584,673	361,314,441.00	
Furniture & Equipment	265,506,862	252,849,939	12,656,923.00	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,017,590,222)	(938,552,894)	(79,037,328.00)	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 2,817,315,018	\$ 2,569,210,234	\$ 248,104,784	

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$3,594.69 million in long-term debt, an increase from last year – as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements).

	G	Governmental Activities			
	2015	2014	Net Change		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES					
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,532,364,719	\$ 2,562,237,872	\$ (29,873,153)		
Net Pension Liability	924,884,083	-	924,884,083.00		
Compensated Absences	26,386,950	25,872,213	514,737.00		
SERP Liability	30,776,786	-	30,776,786.00		
Claims Liability	67,614,000	62,899,000	4,715,000.00		
Net OPEB obligation	12,667,126	9,794,481	2,872,645.00		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,594,693,664	\$ 2,660,803,566	\$ 933,890,098		

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

The District issued two Proposition S bonds, series H-1 and H-2, current interest bonds. The District intends to use the proceeds from the sale of the Bonds for construction projects consistent with the ballot language. The District also issued a \$172,505,000 bond refunding various bonds in Proposition MM. For both Proposition S and Proposition MM, ratings remain at a Aa3 from Moody's and a AA- from Standard & Poor's.

The bonds issued in the current year were as follows:

• 2015, Election 2008, Series H-1 \$ 2,150,0	00
--	----

- 2015, Election 2008, Series H-2 \$ 29,620,000
- 2015, Refunding of Proposition MM Bonds \$172,505,000

Total expenditures by location for Proposition S and Proposition Z for capital outlay including planning, design and construction for various bond related projects are noted in the following table:

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES FOR 2015/16

The annual process to develop the District's budget begins in January, following the Governor's proposed State budget. The majority of the District's revenue comes from the State, therefore, the District formulates assumptions based on the Governor's proposals, guidance from School Services of California, and from the San Diego County Office of Education. The release of the 2015-16 May Revision proposal delivered good news, reflected a strong economy, and increased revenues from capital gains and other income from high-wage earners. The May Revision maintained the basic framework of the January Budget as well as providing the elimination of the remaining K-14 deferred payments by the end of the 2014-15 Fiscal Year and proposed an appropriation for one-time Proposition 98 funding that will be counted towards the district's existing mandate backlog.

The Governor's May Revision also reflected a significant commitment to the LCFF by increasing the gap funding from 32.19% to 53.08%, resulting in an estimated revenue increase of \$35.3 million to the District's Fiscal Year 2015-16 proposed budget. The May Revision also included a proposal of one-time discretionary dollars that increased from \$183 per ADA in the Governor's January Proposal to \$601 per ADA. This equals approximately \$62.9 million in estimated one-time revenues for the District. Both of these commitments by the Governor reflect the District's advocacy efforts in the acceleration of LCFF gap funding and mandate repayments. The focus on advocacy has been a critical strategy for Fiscal Year 2015-16. In addition to continued advocacy efforts, enrollment and operational efficiency solutions are identified in an amount sufficient to address the projected deficit. The District will focus efforts on enhancing enrollment in the early learning program and in high schools during fiscal year 2015-16. Operational efficiency solutions will be centered on enhancing the revenue opportunities with Federal Impact Aid surveys and LCFF eligibility forms; Central Office adjustments to discretionary allocations; and right-sizing of operations.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES FOR 2015/16 (Continued)

On June 23, 2015, the District's Board approved an Adopted Budget for Fiscal Year 2015-16 which included a 2% Unrestricted Reserve for Economic Uncertainties. The major assumptions used in developing the budget are as follows:

Revenues

- LCFF funded ADA 102,890
- COLA 1.02%
- Funding Gap 53.08%
- Federal Impact Aid \$9.0M
- Mandated Cost Reimbursement \$3.7M
- Lottery (GFU \$128; GFR \$34) \$162 per ADA
- Local Interest \$.45%
- Transfers In \$13.8M

Expenditures

- Salaries Step and Column Certificated 2.06%; Classified .73%
- Salary Increase 4%
- STRS 10.73%
- PERS 11.85%
- Health and Welfare Premiums 7.0%
- Materials and Supplies (CPI) 2.20%
- Contracted Services (CPI) 2.20%
- Utilities \$29.9M
- Implemented Board Solutions/Budget Deficit \$70.2M
- Transfers Out \$13.8M
- Contributions:
 - o Special Education \$198.1M
 - o Restricted Routine Maintenance (RRM) \$38.5M
 - o Community Day School \$2.0M

Factors related to LCFF that the District continues to monitor include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS); and, (4) meeting new compliance and audit requirements.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, interdistrict transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lost operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES FOR 2015/16 (Continued)

On June 24, 2015, the Governor signed the Fiscal Year 2015-16 Budget. The District revised and submitted an adopted budget to the Board of Education (as an information item) and to the San Diego County Office of Education on July 28, 2015. The key changes to the District's July 28, 2015 Amended Budget which resulted in a surplus of \$2.6 million are as follows:

- LCFF gap funding percentage change from 53.08% to 51.52% resulting in a \$2.7 million revenue decrease.
- One-time discretionary funds decreased from \$601 per ADA to \$530 per ADA resulting in a \$7.4 million decrease in revenues.
- The addition of the Educator Effectiveness Grant will offset \$2 million in budgeted expenditures (includes beginning teacher and administrator support and mentoring, professional development, coaching and support services, and promotes educator quality and effectiveness).
- The continued flexibility of the Routine Restricted Maintenance (RRM) offset \$10.7 million in budgeted expenditures (through 2019-20 permits a phase-in of school district contributions to routine restricted maintenance accounts).

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the District's Finance Division.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables Prepaid expenses Stores inventory Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 4) Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	\$ 764,409,153 131,593,505 621,680 3,306,998 1,440,089,608 <u>1,377,225,410</u>
Total assets	3,717,246,354
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (Notes 8 and 9) Deferred loss from refunding of debt	75,639,751 <u>9,849,282</u>
Total deferred outflows	85,489,033
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Unearned revenue	136,921,678 15,295,280
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year (Note 6) Due after one year (Note 6) Self-insurance claims liability (Note 5)	60,573,528 3,466,506,136 <u>67,614,000</u>
Total liabilities	3,746,910,622
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (Notes 8 and 9)	260,478,125
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted (Note 7) Unrestricted	501,154,788 350,662,388 (1,056,470,536)
Total net position	<u>\$ (204,653,360</u>)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenues and Change in <u>Net Position</u> Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:	Expenses	Services	Continuations	COntinbutions	Activities
Instruction Instruction-related services: Instructional supervision and administration Instructional library, media and technology School site administration Pupil services: Home-to-school transportation	\$ 783,196,482 51,674,990 9,280,295 84,810,496 35,637,432	\$ 251,983 52,688 223 3,035 1,151,287	\$ 162,494,102 22,317,372 780,955 3,052,742 5,484,915	\$ 2,318,741 - - - -	\$ (618,131,656) (29,304,930) (8,499,117) (81,754,719) (29,001,230)
Food services All other pupil services General administration: Centralized data processing	55,641,351 101,364,302 21,275,374	129 26,956 12,857	59,648,746 28,796,089 215,402	-	(72,541,257) (21,047,115)
All other general administration Plant services Ancillary services Community services Enterprise activities Interest on long-term liabilities Other outgo Depreciation (unallocated) (Note 4)	27,081,392 119,410,809 3,562,533 43,382,550 107,888,245 8,494,067 85,266,659	13,449 1,073,607 38 - 44 - 990 -	7,154,666 29,979,215 35,502 2,202 4,770 - 195,807 -	- - - - - - - - -	(19,913,277) (88,357,987) (3,526,993) (830,031) (43,377,736) (107,888,245) (8,297,270) (85,266,659)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,538,799,210</u>	\$ 2,587,286	<u>\$ 320,162,485</u>	<u>\$ 2,318,741</u>	(1,213,730,698)
	General revenues: Taxes and subventio Taxes levied for gen Taxes levied for deb Taxes levied for othe Federal and state aid not Interest and investment ei Interagency transfers Miscellaneous Gain from the sale of buil	eral purposes ot service er specific purposes t restricted to specific purpo earnings	ses		585,736,592 205,399,262 21,733,406 361,000,039 4,026,330 4,249,697 45,128,823 19,613,424
	Total general re	evenues			1,246,887,573
	Change in net p	position			33,156,875
	Net position, Ju				974,175,524
		ect of GASB 68 implementat	ion		(1,107,236,271)
	Restatement (N				(104,749,488)
	•	ly 1, 2014, as restated			(237,810,235)
	Net position, Ju	ine 50, 2015			\$ <u>(204,653,360</u>)

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and investments: Cash in County Treasury Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving fund Receivables Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds Stores inventory	\$ 141,552,394 - 54,000 115,130,742 617,812 33,109,607 2,066,997	\$ 3,994,499 3,503,997 - 14,216,158 110 9,645 1,240,001	\$ 232,055,089 - - 233,337 899 8,349,508 -	\$ 183,449,737 - - - - - - - - -	\$ 138,461,101 - - 1,954,822 2,859 8,215,996 -	\$ 699,512,820 3,503,997 54,000 131,535,059 621,680 49,684,756 3,306,998
Total assets	<u>\$ 292,531,552</u>	<u>\$ 22,964,410</u>	<u>\$ 240,638,833</u>	<u>\$ 183,449,737</u>	<u>\$ 148,634,778</u>	<u>\$ 888,219,310</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$ 83,435,434 15,288,044 29,613,970	\$	\$ 26,778,729 	\$ - - -	\$ 2,805,038 1,121 <u> 14,668,991</u>	\$ 113,990,102 15,295,280 72,064,014
Total liabilities	128,337,448	21,253,172	34,283,626		17,475,150	201,349,396
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	2,738,809 18,221,833 104,210,150 <u>39,023,312</u>	1,240,111 415,322 55,805 -	899 203,792,906 2,561,402 -	- 183,449,737 - -	2,859 130,130,618 1,026,151 -	3,982,678 536,010,416 107,853,508 <u>39,023,312</u>
Total fund balances	164,194,104	1,711,238	206,355,207	183,449,737	131,159,628	686,869,914
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 292,531,552</u>	<u>\$ 22,964,410</u>	<u>\$ 240,638,833</u>	<u>\$ 183,449,737</u>	<u>\$ 148,634,778</u>	<u>\$ 888,219,310</u>

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 686,869,914
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$3,834,905,240 and the accumulated depreciation is \$1,017,590,222 (Note 4).	2,817,315,018
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2015 consisted of (Note 6):	
General Obligation Bonds Unamortized premiums Accreted interest Net pension liability (Notes 8 and 9) Compensated absences SERP liability Other postemployment benefits (Note 10)	\$ (2,204,545,591) (131,983,940) (195,835,188) (924,884,083) (26,386,950) (30,776,786) (12,667,126)
Other postemployment benefits (Note 10)	(3,527,079,664)
Internal service funds are included in the government-wide financial statements.	16,119,952
Losses on refundings of debt are categorized as deferred outflows and are amortized over the shortened life of the refunded or refunding of the debt.	9,849,282
In government funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported (Notes 8 and 9).	
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions	\$ 75,639,751 <u> (260,478,125)</u> (184,838,374)
Unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period incurred.	(22,889,488)
Total net position - governmental activities	<u>\$ (204,653,360</u>)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues: Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF): State apportionment Local sources	\$ 352,071,420 499,905,218	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - -	\$- 509,600	\$ 352,071,420 500,414,818
Total LCFF	851,976,638				509,600	852,486,238
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	95,814,822 220,120,129 40,398,685	49,370,645 4,241,766 <u>6,779,596</u>	- - 1,553,662	1,761,706 1,320,693 204,726,366	450,454 16,771,419 <u>45,520,580</u>	147,397,627 242,454,007 298,978,889
Total revenues	1,208,310,274	60,392,007	1,553,662	207,808,765	63,252,053	1,541,316,761
Expenditures: Current:						
Certificated salaries Classified salaries	544,291,481 200,346,189	- 23,012,827	- 7,386,499	-	8,999,082 14,772,609	553,290,563 245,518,124
Employee benefits	317,433,049	11,645,669	3,087,003	-	11,303,161	343,468,882
Books and supplies	41,570,381	23,306,759	46,037,736	-	1,513,690	112,428,566
Contract services and operating	00,400,000	0.004.000	11 005 300		F 004 777	110 000 717
expenditures Other outro	93,488,302 693.389	2,094,888	11,605,780 90.023	-	5,901,777	113,090,747 783,412
Other outgo Capital outlay	3,940,879	- 248,560	90,023 236.019.968	-	- 21,456,047	261.665.454
Debt service:	0,010,010	210,000	200,010,000		21,100,011	201,000,101
Payment to refunding escrow	-	-	-	11,613,873	-	11,613,873
Principal retirement	-	-	-	154,483,508	-	154,483,508
Interest				94,983,810		94,983,810
Total expenditures	1,201,763,670	60,308,703	304,227,009	261,081,191	63,946,366	1,891,326,939
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	6,546,604	83,304	(302,673,347)	(53,272,426)	(694,313)	(350,010,178)
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out Payment to refunding escrow Proceeds from issuance general obligation bonds Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds Proceeds from sale of building/land	40,203,110 (10,795,268) - - - - - -	(387,234) - - - -	(1,233,708) (203,278,331) 204,275,000 31,981,373	- - 4,322,962	6,762,825 (40,004,725) - - 21,618,399	46,965,935 (52,420,935) (203,278,331) 204,275,000 36,304,335 21,618,399
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,407,842	(387,234)	31,744,334	4,322,962	(11,623,501)	53,464,403
Net change in fund balances	35,954,446	(303,930)	(270,929,013)	(48,949,464)	(12,317,814)	(296,545,775)
Fund balances, July 1, 2014	128,239,658	2,015,168	477,284,220	232,399,201	143,477,442	983,415,689
Fund balances, June 30, 2015	<u>\$ 164,194,104</u>	<u>\$ 1,711,238</u>	<u>\$ 206,355,207</u>	<u>\$ 183,449,737</u>	<u>\$ 131,159,628</u>	<u>\$686,869,914</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (296,545,775)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Acquisition of capital assets is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but increases capital assets in the statement of net position (Note 4).	\$ 334,206,875	
In government funds, donated capital assets are not reported because they do not affect current financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, donated capital assets are reported as revenue and as increases to capital assets	4 400 044	
(Note 4).	1,169,644	
In government funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported (Note 4).	(2,004,975)	
Depreciation of capital assets is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 4).	(85,266,659)	
Proceeds from debt are recognized as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but increases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (Note 6).	(204,275,000)	
Repayment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but decreases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (Note 6).	154,483,508	
Payments made to the refunding escrow is an other financing use in the governmental funds, but decreases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (Note 6).	203,852,891	
In governmental funds, debt issued at a premium is recognized as an other financing source. In the government-wide statements debt issued at a premium is amortized as interest over the life of the debt (Note 6).	(26,709,817)	
Accreted interest is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 6).	(27,016,525)	
Interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period it is incurred, in governmental funds it is only recognized when it is due.	11,397,995	
Activities of the internal service fund are reported with governmental activities.	3,284,340	

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Losses on refundings of debt are categorized as deferred outflows and are amortized over the shortened life of the refunded or refunding of the debt.	\$ 3,230,727	
In governmental funds, other postemployment benefits are recognized when employers contributions are made. In the government-wide statements, other post-employment benefits are recognized on the accrual basis (Note 10).	(2,872,645)	
In governmental funds, public agency retirement system incentives are recognized when employers contributions are made. In the government-wide statements, public agency retirement system incentives are measured on the accrual basis (Note 6).	(30,776,786)	
In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was.	(2,486,186)	
In the statement of activities, expenses related to compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (Note 6).	 (514,737)	<u>\$ 329,702,650</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 33,156,875</u>

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES June 30, 2015

ASSETS

Current assets: Cash and investments:	
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 60,838,336
Cash with fiscal agent	500,000
Receivables	58,446
Due from other funds	22,519,631
Total current assets	83,916,413
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued liabilities	42,088
Due to other funds	140,373
Total current liabilities	182,461
Non-current liabilities:	
Claims payable	67,614,000
Total liabilities	<u> </u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted	<u>\$ 16,119,952</u>
	<u></u>

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUE

Self insurance premiums	<u>\$</u>	25,945,960
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits Supplies and materials Payments for claims		1,001,822 1,060,535 26,255,010
Total operating expense	_	28,317,367
Operating income/(loss)		(2,371,407)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)		
Interest income Interfund transfers in Interfund transfer out		200,747 6,855,000 (1,400,000)
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		5,655,747
Change in net position		3,284,340
Net position, July 1, 2014		12,835,612
Net position, June 30, 2015	\$	16,119,952

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from self-insurance premiums Cash received from user charges Cash paid for employee salaries and benefits Cash paid for insurance claims and supplies	\$ 38,349,933 858,236 (1,001,823) (22,600,544)
Net cash provided by operating activities	15,605,802
Cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities: Net transfers	5,455,000
Cash flows provided by investing activities: Interest income received	200,758
Increase in cash and investments	21,261,560
Cash and investments, July 1, 2014	40,076,776
Cash and investments, June 30, 2015	<u>\$61,338,336</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Decrease (increase) in:	<u>\$ (2,371,407</u>)
Receivables Amount due from other funds	(18,638) 13,296,488
Increase (decrease) in: Accrued liabilities Amount due to other funds Claims payable	23,495 (39,136) <u>4,715,000</u>
Total adjustments	17,977,209
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 15,605,802</u>

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2015

	 Agency Fund Student <u>Body</u>
ASSETS	
Cash on hand and in bank (Note 2) Accounts receivable Prepaid expense Stores inventory	\$ 7,116,869 84,611 2,436 <u>341,512</u>
Total assets	 7,545,428
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Due to student groups	 67,862 7,477,566
Total liabilities	 7,545,428
NET POSITION	
Restricted	\$

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

San Diego Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

<u>Reporting Entity:</u> The Board of Education is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education in the District. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board since Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements</u>: The basic financial statements include a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure, and a focus on the major funds.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Cod. Sec. N50.118-.121.

Program revenues: Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses: The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense and interest on general long-term liabilities are considered indirect expenses and are reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u>: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

A - Major Funds

General Fund:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the general fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Cafeteria Fund:

The Cafeteria Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections 38090-38093*). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections 38091 and 38100*).

Building Fund:

The Building Fund is a capital projects fund. This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section 15146*) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section 17462*) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section 41003*).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:

The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is a debt service fund used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections 15125-15262*). The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The San Diego County Auditor and Controller maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the San Diego County Treasurer from taxes levied by the San Diego County Treasurer-Tax Collector.

B - Other Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

a - Adult Education Fund:

This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Money received from programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Section 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]*)

b - Child Development Fund:

This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section 8200 et seq.*) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services hall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section 83228*).

c - Deferred Maintenance Fund:

This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposed (*Education Code Sections* 17582-17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17583).

d - Pupil Transportation Equipment Fund:

This fund is used to account separately for state and local revenues specifically for the acquisition, rehabilitation, or replacement of equipment used to transport students (*Education Code Section* 41852[b]).

Capital Project Funds:

The capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

a - Capital Facilities Funds:

This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections 17620-17626*). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections 65970-65981*) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section 66006*).

b- County School Facilities Fund:

The County School Facilities Fund is a capital project fund used to account for the accumulation and expenditure of resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

c- Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund:

The Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund is a capital project fund used to provide for the accumulation of funds for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section 42840*).

Proprietary Fund:

Self Insurance Fund:

The Self Insurance Fund is a proprietary fund used to separate moneys received from self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section 17566*).

Fiduciary Funds:

Student Body Fund:

The Student Bond Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections 48930-48938*).

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual</u>: Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Modified Accrual</u>: The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term liabilities, if any, is recognized when due.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: By state law, the Board of Education must adopt a final budget by July 1. A public hearing is conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Board of Education complied with these requirements.

<u>Receivables</u>: Receivables are made up principally of amounts due from the State of California and Categorical programs. The District has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts was needed as of June 30, 2015.

<u>Stores Inventory</u>: Inventories are recorded using the purchase method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide state of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for equipment purchased and \$100,000 for improvement of land, modernization of buildings and construction of new buildings. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles Estimated Useful Life 25 - 50 years 5 -15 years 6 years

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has recognized a deferred loss on refunding reported, which is in the statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shortened life of the refunded or refunding debt. Amortization for the year ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$441,236. Additionally, the District has recognized a deferred outflow of resources related to the recognition of the pension liability reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized a deferred inflow of resources related to the recognition of the pension liability reported in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) and Public Employers Retirement Fund B (PERF B) and additions to/deductions from STRP's and PERF B's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRP and PERF B. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The following is a summary of pension amounts in the aggregate:

	<u>STRP</u>	<u>PERF B</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 47,882,108</u>	<u>\$ 27,757,643</u>	<u>\$ 75,639,751</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$168,081,000</u>	<u>\$92,397,125</u>	<u>\$260,478,125</u>
Net pension liability	<u>\$682,566,000</u>	<u>\$242,318,083</u>	<u>\$924,884,083</u>
Pension expense	<u>\$ 68,941,414</u>	<u>\$ 18,848,195</u>	<u>\$87,789,609</u>

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences benefits are recorded as a liability of the District. The liability of \$26,386,950 is for the earned but unused benefits.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave</u>: Sick leave benefits are accumulated for each employee. The employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Accumulated employee sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District since cash payment of such benefits is not probable. Therefore, sick leave benefits are recorded as expenditures in the period that sick leave is taken.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Revenue from federal, state, and local special projects and programs is recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Funds received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

<u>Net Position</u>: Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent bond proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The restriction for unspent categorical program revenues represents the portion of net position restricted to specific program expenditures. The restriction for special revenues represents the portion of net position restricted for special purposes. The restriction for debt service represents the portion of net position available for the retirement of debt. The restriction for capital projects represents the portion of net position for the position restricted for special projects. It is the District's policy to use restricted net position first when allowable expenditures are incurred.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u>: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Sections 1300 and 1800, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800) implements a five-tier fund balance classification hierarchy that depicts the extent to which a government is bound by spending constraints imposed on the use of its resources. The five classifications, discussed in more detail below, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

A - Nonspendable Fund Balance:

The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form, such as revolving fund cash, prepaid expenditures and stores inventory.

B - Restricted Fund Balance:

The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These are the same restrictions used to determine restricted net position as reported in the government-wide financial statements.

C - Committed Fund Balance:

The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Formal action by the Board of Education is required to remove any commitment from any fund balance. At June 30, 2015, the District had no committed fund balances.

D - Assigned Fund Balance:

The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the District's Board of Education has approved to be used for specific purposes, based on the District's intent related to those specific purposes. The Board of Education can designate personnel within the District to assign fund balances.

E - Unassigned Fund Balance:

In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In any fund other than the General Fund, a positive unassigned fund balance is never reported because amounts in any other fund are assumed to have been assigned, at least, to the purpose of that fund. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

<u>Fund Balance Policy</u>: The District has an expenditure policy relating to fund balances. For purposes of fund balance classifications, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balances (if any), assigned fund balances and lastly unassigned fund balances.

While GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do not require districts to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization arrangement, GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements, if they have been adopted by the Board of Education. At June 30, 2015, the District has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before December 10 and April 10. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Diego bills and collects taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

<u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

<u>Eliminations and Reclassifications</u>: In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

<u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>: In June 2012 the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. GASB Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). This Statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Based on the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, the District's July 1, 2014 governmental activities net position was restated by \$1,107,236,271 because of the recognition of the beginning of year net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources.

In November 2013 the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 71. Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement amends paragraph 137 of GASB Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. GASB Statement No. 68, as amended, continues to require that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine all such amounts. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 and are effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Based on the implementation of GASB Statement No. 71, the District established a deferred outflow category to report the payments made subsequent to the measurement date of the pensions as well as deferred inflow category to report the net differences of the pensions in the Statement of Net Position.

In February 2015, the GASB issued its final standard on accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements, applicable primarily to investments made by state and local governments. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, defines fair value and describes how fair value should be measured, what assets and liabilities should be measured at fair value, and what information about fair value should be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Under GASB Statement No. 72, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments, which generally are measured at fair value, are defined as a security or other asset that governments hold primarily for the purpose of income or profit and the present service capacity of which are based solely on their ability to generate cash or to be sold to generate cash. Before the issuance of GASB Statement No. 72, state and local governments have been required to disclose how they arrived at their measures of fair value if not based on guoted market prices. Under the new guidance, those disclosures have been expanded to categorize fair values according to their relative reliability and to describe positions held in many alternative investments. This statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. Management has not determined what impact this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of Statements No. 67 and No. 68, completes the suite of pension standards. GASB Statement No. 73 establishes requirements for those pensions and pension plans that are not administered through a trust meeting specified criteria (in other words, those not covered by GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68). The requirements in GASB Statement No. 73 for reporting pensions generally are the same as in GASB Statement No. 68. However, the lack of a pension plan that is administered through a trust that meets specified criteria is reflected in the measurements. The provisions in GASB Statement No. 73 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015, except those provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Management has not determined what impact this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, which replaces GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. GASB Statement No. 74 addresses the financial reports of defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. The GASB Statement follows the framework for financial reporting of defined benefit OPEB plans in GASB Statement No. 45 by requiring a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The Statement requires more extensive note disclosures and RSI related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated, including information about the annual money-weighted rates of return on plan investments. GASB Statement No. 74 also sets forth note disclosure requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans. This statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. Management has not determined what impact this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 75 requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB that they provide. Governments that are responsible only for OPEB liabilities related to their own employees and that provide OPEB through a defined benefit OPEB plan administered through a trust that meets specified criteria will report a net OPEB liability, which is the difference between the total OPEB liability and assets accumulated in the trust and restricted to making benefit payments. Governments that participate in a cost-sharing OPEB plan that is administered through a trust that meets the specified criteria will report a liability equal to their proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability for all entities participating in the cost-sharing plan. Governments that do not provide OPEB through a trust that meets specified criteria will report the total OPEB liability related to their employees. GASB Statement No. 75 carries forward from GASB Statement No. 45 the option to use a specified alternative measurement method in place of an actuarial valuation for purposes of determining the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through OPEB plans in which there are fewer than 100 plan members (active and inactive). This option was retained in order to reduce costs for smaller governments. GASB Statement No. 75 requires governments in all types of OPEB plans to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) about their OPEB liabilities. Among the new note disclosures is a description of the effect on the reported OPEB liability of using a discount rate and a healthcare cost trend rate that are one percentage point higher and one percentage point lower than assumed by the government. The new RSI includes a schedule showing the causes of increases and decreases in the OPEB liability and a schedule comparing a government's actual OPEB contributions to its contribution requirements. Some governments are legally responsible to make contributions directly to an OPEB plan or make benefit payments directly as OPEB comes due for employees of other governments. In certain circumstances (called special funding situations) GASB Statement No. 75 requires these governments to recognize in their financial statements a share of the other government's net OPEB liability. This statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. Management has not determined what impact this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, which reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP from the four categories under GASB Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The first category of authoritative GAAP consists of Statements of Governmental Accounting Standards. The second category comprises GASB Technical Bulletins and Implementation Guides, as well as guidance from the AICPA that is cleared by the GASB. The Statement also addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. These changes are intended to improve financial reporting for governments by establishing a framework for the evaluation of accounting guidance that will result in governments applying that guidance with less variation. That will improve the usefulness of financial statement information for making decisions and assessing accountability and enhance the comparability of financial statement information among governments. The Statement also is intended to improve implementation guidance by elevating its authoritative status to a level that requires it be exposed for a period of broad public comment prior to issuance, as is done for other GASB pronouncements. In connection with GASB Statement No. 76, the GASB also recently cleared Implementation Guide No. 2015-1, which incorporates changes resulting from feedback received during the public exposure of all of implementation guidance previously issued. This Statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. Management has not determined what impact this statement will have on its financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

District cash and investments at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	C	Governmental Funds	Int	ernal Service <u>Funds</u>	(Total Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>
Cash in County Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving fund Cash with fiscal agent	\$	699,512,820 3,503,997 54,000 -	\$	60,838,336 - - 500,000	\$	760,351,156 3,503,997 54,000 500,000	\$ - 7,116,869 - -
Total cash and cash equivalent	\$	703,070,817	\$	61,338,336	\$	764,409,153	\$ 7,116,869

<u>Pooled Funds</u>: In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The County pools and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Interest earned is deposited annually into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

Because the District's deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party and the District's share of the pool does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities owned by the District, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial credit risk classifications is required.

In accordance with applicable state laws, the San Diego County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities with the State of California. However, at June 30, 2015, the San Diego County Treasurer has represented that the Pooled Investment Fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

<u>Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk</u>: The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the District's accounts was \$10,674,866 and the bank balances were \$17,117,948. The total uninsured bank balance at June 30, 2015 was \$16,867,948.

<u>Cash with Fiscal Agent</u>: Cash with Fiscal Agent represents cash balances held by Wells Fargo Bank for the claims payments. The cash balances are fully collateralized at June 30, 2015.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits the cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2015, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to investments held.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District does not place limits on the amount they may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2015, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Transactions between funds of the District are recorded as interfund transfers. The unpaid balances at year end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds.

<u>Interfund Receivables/Payables</u>: Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Governmental Activities		Interfund Receivables	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Major Funds:			
General Cafeteria Building	\$	33,109,607 9,645 8,349,508	\$ 29,613,970 20,276,156 7,504,897
J. J			, ,
Non-Major Funds: Adult Education		46,015	117,283
Child Development		6,656,758	10,075,394
Capital Facilities		116,609	2,517,939
County School Facilities		1,233,708	1,657,351
Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects		162,906	301,024
Proprietary Fund:			
Self-Insurance	_	22,519,631	 140,373
Totals	<u>\$</u>	72,204,387	\$ 72,204,387

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

<u>Interfund Transfers</u>: Interfund transfers consists of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

Interfund transfers for the 2014-2015 fiscal year were as follows:

Transfer from the General Fund to the Self-Insurance Fund for Liability insurance for premiums and insurance costs.	\$ 3,535,000
Transfer from the General Fund to the Self-Insurance Fund for Property Insurance for premiums and insurance costs.	3,320,000
Transfer from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund to cover required expenses.	3,940,268
Transfer from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	387,234
Transfer from the Building Fund to the County School Facilities Fund for unused matching funds that were returned to the Office of Public School Construction.	1,233,708
Transfer from the Self-Insurance Fund to the General Fund for premiums collected that were not applied to claims payments.	1,400,000
Transfer from the Adult Education Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	23,968
Transfer from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	982,847
Transfer from the Capital Facilities Fund to the General Fund for CCDC monies per original budget.	10,300,000
Transfer from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Child Development Fund to cover required expenses.	1,588,849
Transfer from the Special Reserve for Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund for property sales.	26,928,765
Transfer from the Special Reserve for Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund for certificated teacher moves.	 180,296
Total	\$ 53,820,935

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015 is shown below:

	Balance July 1, <u>2014</u>	Transfers and <u>Additions</u>	Transfers and <u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2015</u>
Governmental Activities				
Non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 272,018,659	\$ 4,179,338	\$ (242,108)	. , ,
Work-in-process	1,226,953,762	334,206,875	(397,026,918)	1,164,133,719
Depreciable:	244 250 005		(502.004)	
Land improvements Buildings and improvements	244,356,095 1,511,584,673	12,577,545 365,116,890	(523,984) (3,802,449)	256,409,656 1,872,899,114
Furniture and equipment	252,849,939	16,322,789	(3,665,866)	265,506,862
·			<u> (0,000,000</u>)	
Totals, at cost	3,507,763,128	732,403,437	(405,261,325)	3,834,905,240
Less accumulated depreciation: Land improvements	(127,108,478)	(8,992,933)	(131,011)	(135,970,400)
Buildings and improvements	(601,921,038)	(64,326,834)	(2,438,685)	(663,809,187)
Furniture and equipment	(209,523,378)	(11,946,892)	(3,659,635)	(217,810,635)
Total accumulated	(020 552 004)		(0.000.004)	4 047 500 000)
depreciation	<u>(938,552,894</u>)	(85,266,659)	(6,229,331)	1,017,590,222)
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,569,210,234</u>	<u>\$ 647,136,778</u>	<u>\$ (399,031,994</u>)	<u>\$ 2,817,315,018</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2015 as follows:

Governmental activities: Unallocated

\$ 85,266,659

NOTE 5 - SELF-INSURANCE

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District has established Internal Service Funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Internal Service Funds provide coverage for a maximum of \$500,000 for each worker's compensation claim, \$150,000 for each general liability claim and \$150,000 for each property damage claim. The District purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the funds and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Funding of the Internal Service Funds is based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. Worker's Compensation claims are charged to the respective funds which generate the liability and the Property and Liability claims are paid by the General Fund.

At June 30, 2015, the District accrued the claims liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims liability is estimated at \$67.6 million. Changes in the reported liability are shown below:

	General <u>Liability</u>	Workers' Compensation	Total
Liability balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 2,639,000	\$ 56,418,000	\$ 59,057,000
Incurred claims Claims payments	 3,514,794 <u>(3,334,794</u>)	19,599,909 <u>(15,937,909</u>)	23,114,703 (19,272,703)
Liability balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 2,819,000	\$ 60,080,000	\$ 62,899,000
Incurred claims Claims payments	 3,870,866 (3,837,866)	15,233,938 (10,551,938)	19,104,804 (14,389,804)
Liability balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 2,852,000	<u>\$ 64,762,000</u>	<u>\$ 67,614,000</u>

NOTE 6 - LONG TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in long-term debt, excluding, claims payable on self-insurance activities in Note 5, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2014 <u>as Restated</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,358,606,990 \$	204,275,000 \$	358,336,399 \$	2,204,545,591 \$	33,144,270
Unamortized premium	Ψ	105,274,123	36,304,335	9,594,518	131,983,940	5,514,331
Accreted interest	_	168,818,663	44,710,126	17,693,601	195,835,188	14,220,730
Total General Obligation						
Bonds	_	2,632,699,776	285,289,461	385,624,518	2,532,364,719	52,879,331
Net pension liability						
(Notes 8 and 9)		1,176,402,131	-	251,518,048	924,884,083	-
Compensated absences		25,872,213	514,737	-	26,386,950	-
SERP liability (Note 10)		-	30,776,786	-	30,776,786	7,694,197
Net OPEB obligation (note 10)	_	9,794,481	5,713,303	2,840,658	12,667,126	-
Totals	\$	3,844,768,601 \$	322,294,287 \$	639,983,224	<u>\$ 3,527,079,664</u> <u>\$</u>	60,573,528

General Obligation Bonds

Proposition MM General Obligation Bond Authorization

On November, 5 1998, voters in San Diego approved the issuance of general obligation bonds not to exceed \$1.51 billion (Proposition MM), for the purpose of repairing deteriorating roofs, drainage, heating, plumbing and electrical systems; upgrading fire security, disabled access, science laboratories, wiring for computers; removing hazardous lead paints; building needed libraries; enabling additional class size reduction, building schools and classrooms; and financing the acquisition and improvement of real property in order to address District needs. The District has issued the entire authorization Series A through G totaling \$1.51 billion.

Proposition S General Obligation Bond Authorization

On November 4, 2008, voters in San Diego passed the \$2.1 billion general obligation bond measure, Proposition S. This bond program will provide resources for the District to repair, renovate and revitalize 181 neighborhood schools. Proposition S extends the previously voter approved Proposition MM tax rate of \$66.70 per \$100,000 of assessed property value until the year 2029. Once the Proposition MM bonds are paid, the tax rate will be \$60.00 per \$100,000 of assessed property value beginning 2030. The District issued Series A through H totaling \$585.1 million including Qualified School Construction Bonds.

Proposition Z General Obligation Bond Authorization

On November 6, 2012, San Diego voters in San Diego approved Proposition Z, a \$2.8 billion bond proposition that the District will use to maintain safe and productive learning environments for students. The bond is a Proposition 39 bond, which requires approval from at least 55 percent of voters to pass. The tax rate imposed to meet repayment of the proposed bonds will not exceed \$60 per year per \$100,000 of assessed valuation of taxable property. The District issued Series A through C totaling \$530.0 million.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 6 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt, not including premium or discount, of the District at June 30, 2015 is summarized in the following:

Proposition MM									
	Date of	Interest	Maturity	Amount of	Outstanding	Issued Current	Redeemed	Outstanding	Amount Due
<u>Series</u>	Issue	Rate %	Date	Original Issue	<u>July 1, 2014</u>	Year	Current Year	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>in One Year</u>
1998, Series A	5/27/1999	4.20 -5.34	2023	\$ 139,995,085	\$ 64,830,488	\$-	\$ 9,569,686	\$ 55,260,802	\$ 6,921,036
A - Accreted interest				-	68,841,633	6,756,283	12,740,314	62,857,602	8,693,964
1998, Series B	12/14/2000	4.40 - 5.35	2025	149,999,084	103,233,893	-	69,075,978	34,157,915	1,182,915
B - Accreted interest				-	4,930,619	331,466	4,719,022	543,063	5,262,085
1998, Series C	11/21/2001	2.95 - 5.00	2026	199,995,712	133,735,000	-	4,490,000	129,245,000	5,250,000
1998, Series D	9/12/2002	2.10 - 5.25	2027	274,995,346	221,885,000	-	81,125,000	140,760,000	6,750,000
1998, Series E	8/19/2003	1.90 - 5.25	2028	349,993,599	169,815,000	-	51,830,000	117,985,000	-
1998, Series F	9/2/2004	1.95 - 5.00	2029	199,996,373	148,435,000	-	3,475,000	144,960,000	-
1998 Series G	9/8/2005	3.00 - 5.00	2030	195,024,802	133,800,000		11,295,000	122,505,000	4,800,000
Subtotal of original iss	sue before								
refunding				1,510,000,001	1,049,506,633	7,087,749	248,320,000	808,274,382	38,860,000
R-1 Refunding (various)	3/15/2012	2.00 - 5.00	2030	65,434,442	65,434,442	_	_	65,434,442	_
R-1 Refunding - Accreted		2.00 0.00	2000	-	-	9,771,905	_	9,771,905	_
R-3 Refunding (various)	4/16/2014	2.00 - 5.00	2029	199,285,000	199,285,000	-	_	199,285,000	7,155,000
R-4 Refunding (various)	5/27/2015	2.00 - 5.00	2030	172,505,000	-	172,505,000	-	172,505,000	-
(various)	0.22010	2.00 0.00	2000			,000,000		,000,000	
Total Proposition MM				<u>\$ 1,947,224,443</u>	\$ 1,314,226,075	<u>\$ 189,364,654</u>	\$ 248,320,000	<u>\$ 1,255,270,729</u>	<u>\$ 46,015,000</u>

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 6 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt, not including premium or discount, of the District June 30, 2015 is summarized in the following:

Proposition S									
Series	Date of Issue	Interest Rate %	Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Outstanding July 1, 2014	Issued Current Year	Redeemed Current Year	Outstanding June 30, 2015	Amount Due in One Year
<u>Series</u>	13500	Itale 70	Date	Original 1990e	<u>July 1, 2014</u>	<u>rear</u>	<u>Current rear</u>	<u>June 30, 2013</u>	in one real
2008, Series A	5/7/2009	2.52 -6.19	2033	\$ 131,157,581	\$ 128,670,511	\$-	\$ 1,305,735	\$ 127,364,776	\$ 1,085,319
A - Accreted interest				-	17,233,848	33,207,654	234,265	50,207,237	264,681
2008, Series B QSCB	4/21/2009		2023	38,840,000	38,840,000	-	-	38,840,000	-
2008, Series C	8/18/2010	6.1 - 6.625	2050	163,869,783	112,548,275	-	-	112,548,275	-
C - Accreted interest				-	7,300,519	29,804,063	-	37,104,582	-
2008, Series D QSCB	8/5/2010	5.26	2027	36,130,000	36,130,000	-	-	36,130,000	-
2008, Series E	5/24/2012	4.89 - 5.48	2051	149,998,825	149,998,825	-	-	149,998,825	-
E - Accreted interest				-	-	22,052,253	-	22,052,253	-
2008, Series F	4/16/2014	1.00 - 5.00	2016	15,095,000	15,095,000	-	3,170,000	11,925,000	-
2008, Series G	4/16/2014	5.18 - 5.58	2038	50,000,726	50,000,726	-	-	50,000,726	-
G - Accreted interest				-	50,140	1,887,557	-	1,937,697	-
2008, Series H	6/18/2015	0.50 - 5.00	2024	31,770,000		31,770,000		31,770,000	
Subtotal of original iss	sue before								
refunding				585,091,915	555,867,844	118,721,527	4,710,000	669,879,371	1,350,000
-									
2008, R-2 Refunding									
(various)	3/1/2012	6.625	2042	56,869,830	56,869,830	-	-	56,869,830	-
R-2 Refunding - accreted	interest			-	-	11,360,849	-	11,360,849	-
6						<u>.</u>			
Total Proposition S				\$ 641,961,745	\$ 612,737,674	\$ 130,082,376	\$ 4,710,000	\$ 738,110,050	\$ 1,350,000
•									
Proposition Z									
<u></u>	Date of	Interest	Maturity	Amount of	Outstanding	Issued Current	Redeemed	Outstanding	Amount Due
<u>Series</u>	Issue	Rate %	Date	Original Issue	July 1, 2014	Year	Current Year	June 30, 2015	in One Year
001100	10000		Date	onginarioodo	<u>ouly 1, 2011</u>	<u>- 1001</u>	<u>ourione rour</u>	<u>ouno 00, 2010</u>	
2013. Series A	4/30/2013	0.342	2014	\$ 52.500.000	\$ 52,500,000	\$-	\$ 52,500,000	\$-	\$-
2013. Series A-1	4/30/2013	0.426	2014	3.000.000	3.000.000	-	3.000.000	-	-
2013, Series B	4/30/2013	1.215	2015	60,500,000	60,500,000	-	60,500,000	-	-
2013, Series C	4/30/2013	4.00 - 5.00	2042	414,000,000	414,000,000	_	7,000,000	407,000,000	_
2010, 00100 0	100/2010	7.00 0.00	LOTL	-1-,000,000			7,000,000	+01,000,000	
Total Proposition Z				\$ 530,000,000	\$ 530,000,000	\$-	\$ 123,000,000	\$ 407,000,000	\$ -
				÷ 000,000,000	÷ 000,000,000	<u>*</u>	÷ 120,000,000	÷ 101,000,000	*

1998 Series A

Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of the Series A issuance with maturity dates from July 1, 2004 through 2023. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Future accreted interest accruals of \$39,846,596 have not been reflected in the long-term debt balance in the schedule above.

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series A, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Accreted Interest	Total Debt <u>Service</u>
2016	\$ 6,921,036	\$ -	\$	8,693,964	\$ 15,615,000
2017	6,786,371	-		9,453,629	16,240,000
2018	6,647,904	-		10,242,096	16,890,000
2019	6,272,216	-		10,662,784	16,935,000
2020	4,849,729	-		9,025,271	13,875,000
2021-2024	23,783,546	 -		54,626,454	78,410,000
	<u>\$ 55,260,802</u>	\$ _	\$1	02,704,198	<u>\$157,965,000</u>

1998 Series B

Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of Series B issuance. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Future accreted interest accruals of \$4,719,022 have not been reflected in the long-term debt balance in the schedule above.

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series B, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Accreted Interest	Total Debt <u>Service</u>
2016 2017	\$ 1,182,915 6,685,000	\$ 1,840,452 1,673,328	\$ 5,262,085 _	\$ 8,285,452 8,358,328
2018	7,560,000	1,317,202	-	8,877,202
2019	8,805,000	861,851	-	9,666,851
2020	9,925,000	297,750		10,222,750
	<u>\$ 34,157,915</u>	<u>\$ 5,990,583</u>	<u>\$ 5,262,085</u>	<u>\$ 45,410,583</u>

1998 Series C

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series C, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ 5,250,000	\$ 6,950,975	\$ 12,200,975
2017		6,819,725	6,819,725
2018	-	6,819,725	6,819,725
2019	-	6,819,725	6,819,725
2020	9,100,000	6,569,475	15,669,475
2021-2025	67,725,000	23,399,888	91,124,888
2026-2027	47,170,000	2,738,725	49,908,725
	<u>\$129,245,000</u>	<u>\$ 60,118,238</u>	<u>\$189,363,238</u>

1998 Series D

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series D, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ 6,750,000	\$ 7,500,800	\$ 14,250,800
2017	7,700,000	7,139,550	14,839,550
2018	7,895,000	6,729,937	14,624,937
2019	8,975,000	6,266,013	15,241,013
2020	10,140,000	5,740,350	15,880,350
2021-2025	75,555,000	18,202,938	93,757,938
2026-2028	23,745,000	652,987	24,397,987
	<u>\$140,760,000</u>	<u>\$ 52,232,575</u>	<u>\$192,992,575</u>

1998 Series E

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series E, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ - - - - -	\$ 6,489,175 6,489,175 6,489,175 6,489,175 6,489,175 6,489,175	\$ 6,489,175 6,489,175 6,489,175 6,489,175 6,489,175
2021-2025 2026-2029	11,620,000 <u>106,365,000</u> <u>\$117,985,000</u>	32,126,325 <u>10,040,937</u> <u>\$ 74,613,137</u>	43,746,325 <u>116,405,937</u> <u>\$192,598,137</u>

1998 Series F

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series F, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$ 6,907,905	\$ 6,907,905
2017	-	6,907,905	6,907,905
2018	-	6,907,905	6,907,905
2019	-	6,907,905	6,907,905
2020	-	6,907,905	6,907,905
2021-2025	10,335,000	33,911,606	44,246,606
2026-2030	134,625,000	23,204,006	157,829,006
	<u>\$144,960,000</u>	<u>\$ 91,655,137</u>	<u>\$236,615,137</u>

1998 Series G

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series G, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ 4,800,000	\$ 5,805,638	\$ 10,605,638
2017	-	5,709,638	5,709,638
2018	-	5,709,638	5,709,638
2019	-	5,709,638	5,709,638
2020	-	5,709,638	5,709,638
2021-2025	5,335,000	28,428,150	33,763,150
2026-2030	112,370,000	18,893,465	131,263,465
	<u>\$122,505,000</u>	<u>\$ 75,965,805</u>	<u>\$198,470,805</u>

1998 Refunding, Series R-1

The District issued the 1998 Refunding, Series R-1 bonds to refund certain portions of 1998, Series A, B, C, D, E, F and G general obligation bonds totaling \$64,333,235. Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of Series R-1 issuance. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Future accreted interest accruals of \$80,311,402 have not been reflected in the long-term debt balance in the schedule above.

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series R-1, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Accreted Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$-	\$-
2017	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-
2021-2025	-	-	-
2026-2030	9,217,884	12,437,116	21,655,000
2031	56,216,558	86,818,442	143,035,000
	<u>\$ 65,434,442</u>	<u>\$ 99,255,558</u>	<u>\$164,690,000</u>
2 Defineding			

1998 R-3 Refunding

The District issued the 1998 Refunding, Series R-3 bonds to refund certain portions of 1998, Series B, C, E, F and G general obligation bonds totaling \$224,580,000. The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series R-3, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ 7,155,000	\$ 9,587,325	\$ 16,742,325
2017	1,830,000	9,378,100	11,208,100
2018	23,820,000	8,737,250	32,557,250
2019	27,665,000	7,517,625	35,182,625
2020	19,720,000	6,408,125	26,128,125
2021-2025	115,680,000	12,657,750	128,337,750
2026-2030	3,415,000	622,375	4,037,375
	<u>\$199,285,000</u>	<u>\$ 54,908,550</u>	<u>\$254,193,550</u>

1998 R-4 Refunding

The District issued the 1998 Refunding, Series R-3 bonds to refund certain portions of 1998, Series A, B, D, E and G general obligation bonds totaling \$203,852,891. As of June 30, 2015, \$203,852,891 of refunded bonds were still outstanding and scheduled to be paid on July 1, 2015.

Although the advance refundings resulted in the recognition of an accounting loss of \$3,671,963 for the year ended June 30, 2015, the District in effect reduced its aggregate debt service payments by \$81,610,539 over the next 15 years and obtained an economic gain of \$76,006,562.

Calculation of difference in cash flow requirements and economic gain are as follows:

Old debt service cash flows	\$ 254,115,539
New debt service cash flows	<u>172,505,000</u>
Total cash flow difference	<u>\$ 81,610,539</u>
Present value of old debt service cash flows	\$ 204,205,975
Present value of new debt service cash flows	<u>128,199,413</u>
Economic gain	<u>\$ 76,006,562</u>

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 1998, Series R-4, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$ 4,865,127	\$ 4,865,127
2017	4,535,000	8,138,975	12,673,975
2018	-	8,093,625	8,093,625
2019	-	8,093,625	8,093,625
2020	-	8,093,625	8,093,625
2021-2025	18,465,000	40,011,600	58,476,600
2026-2030	149,505,000	16,896,213	166,401,213
	<u>\$172,505,000</u>	<u>\$ 94,192,790</u>	<u>\$266,697,790</u>

2008 Series A

Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of Series A issuance. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Future accreted interest accruals of \$118,467,987 have not been reflected in the long-term debt balance in the schedule above.

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series A, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30.	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Accreted Interest	Total Debt <u>Service</u>
2016	\$ 1,085,319	\$ -	\$ 264,681	\$ 1,350,000
2017	1,004,269	-	315,731	1,320,000
2018	848,543	-	336,457	1,185,000
2019	794,801	-	395,199	1,190,000
2020	4,952,880	3,999,900	3,047,120	11,999,900
2021-2025	4,144,236	39,999,000	5,480,764	49,624,000
2026-2030	31,125,240	39,999,000	59,024,760	130,149,000
2031-2034	83,409,488	20,829,600	99,810,512	204,049,600
	<u>\$127,364,776</u>	<u>\$104,827,500</u>	<u>\$168,675,224</u>	\$400,867,500

2008 Series B

Qualified School Construction Bonds

The QSCBs are tax credit bonds within the meaning of Section 54F of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code), and accordingly the QSCBs do not bear interest to be paid by the District. The owners of the QSCBs will be allowed a credit under the Code against their Federal income tax liability. Proceeds from the sale of QSCBs are restricted to the uses prescribed for bonds designated as QSCBs under Section 54F of the Code.

The District issued \$38,840,000 of Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) on April 21, 2009, pursuant to an authorization granted by voters of the District on November 4, 2008. The QSCBs were issued simultaneously with the District's 2010 General Obligation Bonds in order to fund projects authorized under Proposition S. The QSCBs are payable from ad valorem taxes upon all property subject to taxation by the District.

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series B, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30.	<u>Prii</u>	Principal Interest		Total <u>Debt Service</u>	
2016	\$	- \$	5 -	\$	-
2017		-	-		-
2018		-	-		-
2019	3,8	340,000	-	3	3,840,000
2020	4,5	500,000	-	4	4,500,000
2021-2024		500,000	-	30	0,500,000
	<u>\$ 38,8</u>	<u>340,000</u>	6 -	<u>\$ 38</u>	<u>3,840,000</u>

2008 Series C

Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of Series C issuance. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Future accreted interest accruals of \$567,197,143 have not been reflected in the long-term debt balance in the schedule above.

2008 Series C (Continued)

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series C, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Accreted Interest	Total Debt <u>Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
2017	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-	-
2021-2025	-	-	-	-
2026-2030	-	-	-	-
2031-2035	22,214,895	25,772,906	61,165,105	109,152,906
2036-2040	29,689,941	28,636,562	135,965,059	194,291,562
2041-2045	29,231,421	28,636,562	205,223,579	263,091,562
2046-2050	30,932,710	17,935,201	200,677,290	249,545,201
2051	479,308	57,969	1,270,692	1,807,969
	<u>\$112,548,275</u>	<u>\$101,039,200</u>	<u>\$604,301,725</u>	<u>\$817,889,200</u>

2008 Series D

Qualified School Construction Bonds

The QSCBs are tax credit bonds within the meaning of Section 54F of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code), and accordingly the QSCBs do not bear interest to be paid by the District. The owners of the QSCBs will be allowed a credit under the Code against their Federal income tax liability. Proceeds from the sale of QSCBs are restricted to the uses prescribed for bonds designated as QSCBs under Section 54F of the Code.

The District issued \$36,130,000 of Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) on August 5, 2010, pursuant to an authorization granted by voters of the District on November 4, 2008. The QSCBs were issued simultaneously with the District's 2010 General Obligation Bonds in order to fund projects authorized under Proposition S. The QSCBs are payable from ad valorem taxes upon all property subject to taxation by the District.

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series D, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$ 136,832	\$ 136,832
2017	-	136,832	136,832
2018	-	136,832	136,832
2019	-	136,832	136,832
2020	-	136,832	136,832
2021-2025	7,000,000	410,495	7,410,495
2026-2028	29,130,000		29,130,000
	<u>\$ 36,130,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,094,655</u>	<u>\$ 37,224,655</u>

2008 Series E

Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of Series E issuance. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Future accreted interest accruals of \$430,175,614 have not been reflected in the long-term debt balance in the schedule above.

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series E, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Accreted Interest	Total Debt <u>Service</u>
2016	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
2017	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-	-
2021-2025	-	-	-	-
2026-2030	-	-	-	-
2031-2035	15,097,128	35,159,969	29,087,872	79,344,969
2036-2040	26,489,985	66,424,831	52,420,015	145,334,831
2041-2045	30,583,505	49,846,534	57,601,495	138,031,534
2046-2050	60,382,849	10,354,266	189,900,832	260,637,947
2051-2052	17,445,358		123,217,653	140,663,011
	<u>\$149,998,825</u>	<u>\$161,785,600</u>	<u>\$452,227,867</u>	<u>\$764,012,292</u>

2008 Series F

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series F, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016 2017	\$	\$ 144,315 <u>298,125</u>	\$ 144,315 <u> 12,223,125</u>
	<u>\$ 11,925,000</u>	<u>\$ 442,440</u>	<u>\$ 12,367,440</u>

2008 Series G

Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of Series G issuance. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Future accreted interest accruals of \$105,016,577 have not been reflected in the long-term debt balance in the schedule above.

2008 Series G (Continued)

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series G, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Accreted Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2017	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-
2021-2025	-	-	-
2026-2030	-	-	-
2031-2035	21,245,220	36,389,780	57,635,000
2036-2039	28,755,506	70,564,494	99,320,000
	<u>\$ 50,000,726</u>	<u>\$106,954,274</u>	<u>\$156,955,000</u>

2008 Series H

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series H, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$ 672,348	\$ 672,348
2017	910,000	1,327,645	2,237,645
2018	1,240,000	1,318,860	2,558,860
2019	1,240,000	1,294,290	2,534,290
2020	-	1,275,150	1,275,150
2021-2025	28,380,000	3,889,685	32,269,685
	<u>\$ 31,770,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,777,978</u>	<u>\$ 41,547,978</u>

2008 R-2 Refunding

The District issued the 2008 Refunding, Series R-2 bonds to refund certain portions of 2008, Series C general obligation bonds totaling \$51,321,508. Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of R-2 Refunding issuance. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Future accreted interest accruals of \$128,321,572 have not been reflected in the long-term debt balance in the schedule above.

2008 R-2 Refunding (Continued)

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2008, Series R-2, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Accreted Interest	Total Debt <u>Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
2017	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-	-
2021-2025	-	-	-	-
2026-2030	-	-	-	-
2031-2035		55,862,663	-	55,862,663
2036-2040		62,069,625	-	62,069,625
2041-2043	56,869,830	12,003,175	130,510,170	199,383,175
	<u>\$ 56,869,830</u>	<u>\$129,935,463</u>	<u>\$130,510,170</u>	<u>\$317,315,463</u>

2013 Series C

The annual payments required to amortize the Election of 2013, Series C, General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Debt Service</u>
2016	\$ -	\$ 8,596,950	\$ 8,596,950
2017	-	17,193,900	17,193,900
2018	-	17,193,900	17,193,900
2019	-	17,193,900	17,193,900
2020	905,000	17,184,850	18,089,850
2021-2025	12,765,000	85,130,175	97,895,175
2026-2030	31,150,000	80,290,550	111,440,550
2031-2035	59,430,000	69,464,750	128,894,750
2036-2040	135,210,000	49,179,725	184,389,725
2041-2043	167,540,000	10,722,800	178,262,800
	<u>\$407,000,000</u>	<u>\$372,151,500</u>	<u>\$779,151,500</u>

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION / FUND BALANCES

Restricted net position consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Unspent categorical program revenues	\$ 18,221,833
Special revenues	2,835,525
Capital projects	130,035,341
Debt service	183,449,737
Self-insurance	<u> </u>

\$ 350,662,388

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION / FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Fund balances were composed of the following at June 30, 2015:

Nonspendable:	General <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revolving cash	\$ 54.000	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 54.000
Prepaid expenditures	617.812	¥ 110	¥ 899	Ψ	¢ 2,859	¢ 621.680
Stores inventory	2,066,997	1,240,001	-	-	- 2,000	3,306,998
		.,				0,000,000
Total nonspendable	2,738,809	1,240,111	899		2,859	3,982,678
Restricted:						
Unspent categorical revenues	18,221,833	-	-	-	-	18,221,833
Special revenue	-	415,322	-	-	95,744	511,066
Capital projects	-	-	203,792,906	-	130,034,874	333,827,780
Debt service			-	183,449,737		183,449,737
Total restricted	18,221,833	415,322	203,792,906	183,449,737	130,130,618	536,010,416
	10,221,000	410,022	200,702,000	100,440,707	100,100,010	550,010,410
Assigned:						
Mandated costs	62,894,049	-	-	-	-	62,894,049
1st interim balance	12,266,692	-	-	-	-	12,266,692
2nd interim balance	7,834,204	-	-	-	-	7,834,204
Unfunded risks	7,678,673	-	-	-	-	7,678,673
STRS and reserves	7,343,417	-	-	-	-	7,343,417
Site carryover	3,517,214	-	-	-	-	3,517,214
OPEB	1,875,901	-	-	-	-	1,875,901
Prop S Building	-	-	2,561,402	-	-	2,561,402
Other assignments	800,000	55,805			1,026,151	1,881,956
Total assigned	104,210,150	55,805	2,561,402		1,026,151	107,853,508
Unassigned:						
Reserve for economic uncertainties	24,236,000	-	-	-	-	24,236,000
Remaining unassigned	14,787,312		-			14,787,312
Total unassigned	39,023,312					39,023,312
Total	<u>\$ 164,194,104</u>	\$ 1,711,238	\$ 206,355,207	<u>\$ 183,449,737</u>	<u>\$ 131,159,628</u>	<u>\$ 686,869,914</u>

General Information about the State Teachers' Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided with pensions through the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established this plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plans may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.calstrs.com/comprehensive-annual-financial-report.

Benefits Provided: The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit Program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas which are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on a one-year final compensation for members who retired on or after January 1, 2001, with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with less than 25 years of credited service if the employer elected to pay the additional benefit cost prior to January 1, 2014. One-year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months calculated by taking the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a fulltime basis, for a position in which the person worked. For members with less than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any three consecutive years of credited service.

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for three consecutive years of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the Defined Benefit Program are as follows:

Members - Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 8.15 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2014-15. Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, members contribute 50 percent of the normal cost of their retirement plan, which resulted in a contribution rate of 8.15 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2014-15.

In general, member contributions cannot increase unless members are provided with some type of "comparable advantage" in exchange for such increases. Under previous law, the Legislature could reduce or eliminate the 2 percent annual increase to retirement benefits. As a result of AB 1469, effective July 1, 2014, the Legislature cannot reduce the 2 percent annual benefit adjustment for members who retire on or after January 1, 2014, and in exchange for this "comparable advantage," the member contribution rates have been increased by an amount that covers a portion of the cost of the 2 percent annual benefit adjustment.

Effective July 1, 2014, with the passage of AB 1469, member contributions for those under the 2% at 60 benefit structure increase from 8.0 percent to a total of 10.25 percent of applicable member earnings, phased in over the next three years. For members under the 2% at 62 benefit structure, contributions will increase from 8.0 percent to 9.205 percent of applicable member earnings, again phased in over three years, if there is no change to normal cost.

Employers – 8.88 percent of applicable member earnings.

In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions will increase from 8.25 percent to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased in over seven years starting in 2014. The new legislation also gives the board limited authority to adjust employer contribution rates from July 1, 2021 through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation related to service credited to members prior to July 1, 2014. The board cannot adjust the rate by more than 1 percent in a fiscal year, and the total contribution rate in addition to the 8.25 percent cannot exceed 12 percent.

The CalSTRS employer contribution rate increases effective for fiscal year 2014-15 through fiscal year 2045-46 are summarized in the table below:

Effective Date	Prior Rate	Increase	<u>Total</u>
July 01, 2014	8.25%	0.63%	8.88%
July 01, 2015	8.25%	2.48%	10.73%
July 01, 2016	8.25%	4.33%	12.58%
July 01, 2017	8.25%	6.18%	14.43%
July 01, 2018	8.25%	8.03%	16.28%
July 01, 2019	8.25%	9.88%	18.13%
July 01, 2020	8.25%	10.85%	19.10%
July 01, 2046	8.25%	Increase from prior rate cease	ses in 2046-47

The District contributed \$47,882,108 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

State - 5.954 percent of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year.

Additionally, beginning October 1, 1998, a statutory contribution rate of 0.524 percent, adjustable annually in 0.25 percent increments up to a maximum of 1.505 percent, of the creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year per Education Code Section 22955(b). This contribution is reduced to zero if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation and no normal cost deficit for benefits in place as of July 1, 1990. Based on the actuarial valuation, as of June 30, 2012 there was no normal cost deficit, but there was an unfunded obligation for benefits in place as of July 1, 1990. As a result, the state was required to make quarterly payments starting October 1, 2013, at an additional contribution rate of 1.024 percent. As of June 30, 2014, the state contributed \$200.7 million of the \$267.6 million total amount for fiscal year 2013-14. As a result of AB 1469, the fourth quarterly payment of \$66.9 million was included in an increased first quarter payment of \$94 million for the 2014-15 fiscal year, which was transferred on July 1, 2014.

In accordance with AB 1469, the portion of the state appropriation under Education Code Section 22955(b) that is in addition to the 2.017 percent has been replaced by section 22955.1(b) in order to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046. The additional state contribution will increase from 1.437 percent in 2014-15 to 4.311 percent in 2016-17. The increased contributions end as of fiscal year 2046-2047.

The CalSTRS state contribution rates effective for fiscal year 2014-15 and beyond are summarized in the table below:

Effective Date	Base <u>Rate</u>	AB 1469 Increase For 1990 Benefit <u>Structure</u>	SBMA <u>Funding</u>	Total State Appropriation to DB Program
July 01, 2014 July 01, 2015 July 01, 2016 July 01, 2017 to	2.017% 2.017% 2.017%	1.437% 2.874% 4.311%	2.50% 2.50% 2.50%	5.954% 7.391% 8.828%
June 30, 2046 July 01, 2046 and thereafter	2.017% 2.017%	4.311%* *	2.50% 2.50%	8.828%* 4.571%*

* The new legislation also gives the board limited authority to adjust state contribution rates from July 1, 2017, through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation associated with the 1990 benefit structure. The board cannot increase the rate by more than 0.50 percent in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, the contribution rate imposed to pay for the 1990 benefit structure shall be reduced to 0 percent. Rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated if necessary to address any remaining 1990 unfunded actuarial obligation from July 1, 2046, and thereafter.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 682,566,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	412,166,000
Total	<u>\$1,094,732,000</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts and the State. At June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was 1.168 percent, which was an increase of zero from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$68,941,414 and revenue of \$29,047,954 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows		erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	-
Changes of assumptions	-		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments	-	1	68,081,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-		-
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	 47,882,108		
Total	\$ 47,882,108	<u>\$</u> 1	68,081,000

\$47,882,108 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

١

Years Ended June 30,	
2016	\$ 42,020,250
2017	\$ 42,020,250
2018	\$ 42,020,250
2019	\$ 42,020,250

Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of June 30, 2014. The STRP net pension liability as of June 30, 2013 and the STRP net pension liability as of June 30, 2014 are based on the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation for the first year of implementation. As a result there are no differences between expected and actual experience or changes in assumptions subject to amortization. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2013
Experience Study	July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2010
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.60%
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%
Wage Growth	3.75%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% simple for DB
	Not applicable for DBS/CBB

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience. RP2000 series tables are an industry standard set of mortality rates published by the Society of Actuaries. See CalSTRS July 1, 2006 – June 30, 2010 experience analysis for more information.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. Based on the model from CalSTRS consulting actuary's investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that annual returns are log normally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation by PCA is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term* Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	47%	4.50%
Private Equity	12	6.20
Real Estate	15	4.35
Inflation Sensitive	5	3.20
Fixed Income	20	0.20
Cash / Liquidity	1	0.00

* 10-year geometric average

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per Assembly Bill 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount</u> <u>Rate</u>: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.60 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.60 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.60 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.60%)</u>	<u>Rate (7.60%)</u>	<u>(8.60%)</u>
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	<u>\$1,063,943,000</u>	<u>\$ 682,566,000</u>	<u>\$ 364,568,000</u>

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CaISTRS financial report.

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B

General Information about the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B

<u>Plan Description</u>: The schools cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Plan membership consists of non-teaching and non-certified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to non-teaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2014.pdf.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit plans are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years (10 years for State Second Tier members) of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit pension plans are funded by contributions from members and employers, and earnings from investments. Member and employer contributions are a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law and depend on the respective employer's benefit formulas. Employer contribution rates are determined by periodic actuarial valuations or by state statute. Actuarial valuations are based on the benefit formulas and employee groups of each employer. Employer contributions, including lump sum contributions made when agencies first join the PERF, are credited with a market value adjustment in determining contribution rates.

The required contribution rates of most active plan members are based on a percentage of salary in excess of a base compensation amount ranging from zero dollars to \$863 monthly.

Required contribution rates for active plan members and employers as a percentage of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Members - The member contribution rate was 6.0 or 7.0 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2014-15.

Employers - The employer contribution rate was 11.771 percent of applicable member earnings.

The District contributed \$27,757,643 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$242,318,083 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2013. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts. At June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was 2.049 percent, which was a decrease of 0.089 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$18,848,195. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		82,136,375
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		10,260,750
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		<u>27,757,643</u>		-
Total	\$	27,757,643	\$	92,397,125

\$27,757,643 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	
2016	\$ 23,954,344
2017	\$ 23,954,344
2018	\$ 23,954,344
2019	\$ 20,534,094

Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of June 30, 2013. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for the Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date Experience Study Actuarial Cost Method Investment Rate of Return Consumer Price Inflation Wage Growth Post-retirement Benefit Increases	June 30, 2013 July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2010 Entry age normal 7.50% 2.75% Varies by entry age and service Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on
	Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CaIPERS' website.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	Long-Term* Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	47%	5.25%
Global Fixed Income	19	0.99
Inflation Sensitive	6	0.45
Private Equity	12	6.83
Real Estate	11	4.50
Infrastructure & Forestland	3	4.50
Liquidity	2	(0.55)

* 10-year geometric average

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CaIPERS' website.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in the actuarial valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. This difference was deemed immaterial to the Plan and the District.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected cash flows of the Plan. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount <u>Rate</u>: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(6.50%)</u>	Current Discount <u>Rate (7.50%)</u>		1% Increase <u>(8.50%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 421,794,000</u>	<u>\$ 242,318,083</u>	<u>\$</u>	90,247,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Notes 8 and 9, the District provides post employment health care benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses through an implicit rate subsidy for all retirees who elect to purchase benefits at the District's negotiated insurance premium rates.

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Cod. Sec. P50.108-.109. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 5,775,080
Interest on net OPEB obligation	414,861
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (476,638)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	5,713,303
Contributions made	 (2,840,658)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	2,872,645
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 9,794,481
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 12,667,126

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2015 and preceding two years were as follows:

Fiscal Year <u>Ended</u>	<u>C</u>	Annual PEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost <u>Contributed</u>	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2013	\$	4,101,470	68.0%	\$ 7,137,745
June 30, 2014	\$	5,417,683	51.0%	\$ 9,794,481
June 30, 2015	\$	5,713,303	49.7%	\$ 12,667,126

As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability for benefits (UAAL) was \$63.4 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$772.4 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 8.2 percent. The OPEB plan is currently operated as a pay-as-you-go plan.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, included in Required Supplementary Information following this section, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan on the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.7 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent after 6 years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015, was 29 years.

<u>Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS)</u>: During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, the District provided the option of a one-time Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan (SERP) to the District employees. Employees under the SERP will receive monthly annuity benefits. The District is obligated to pay annual installments for the calculated benefits for employees under the SERP and for the administration of the plan.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the SERP liability outstanding as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ 7,694,197 7,694,197 7,694,196 <u>7,694,196</u>
Total	<u>\$ 30,776,786</u>

NOTE 11 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

<u>CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC EIA)</u>: The District participates in two joint powers agreements with CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC EIA) and Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF). The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not component units of the Authority for financial reporting purposes.

CSAC EIA arranges for and provides excess property coverage up to \$5 million. CSAC EIA also arranges for and provides crime/employee dishonesty and medical malpractice coverage The District is also a member of SELF for its excess liability exposures from \$5 million to \$55 million. Each JPA board controls the operations of the individual JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member agencies beyond their representation on the board. Each member agency pays a premium commensurate with the amount of coverage requested. As a member of the JPAs, the Authority is entitled to retrospective premium adjustments for those claim years where costs were less than expected. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year.

Condensed audited financial information for CSAC EIA for the year ended June 30, 2013 (the latest information available) is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 588,152,525
Total liabilities	\$ 469,537,129
Total net position	\$ 118,615,396
Total revenues	\$ 538,894,700
Total expenditures	\$ 525,831,124
Change in net position	\$ 13,063,576

Condensed audited financial information for SELF for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Total assets Deferred outflows of resources	\$ \$	154,727,271 99,437
Total liabilities	\$	122,470,926
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	166,153
Total net position	\$	32,189,629
Total revenues	\$	11,968,752
Total expenditures	\$	23,063,637
Change in net position	\$	(11,094,885)

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u>: The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

Also, the District has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review or audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowance's under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

Construction Commitments

•	1,337,680 0,381,094
University City HS: Athletic Facilities & Parking Lot Henry HS: Site Modernization Project Bell MS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Morse HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Encanto ES: Site Modernization i21 Program Henry HS: Theater Hoover HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	
Henry HS: Site Modernization Project Bell MS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Morse HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Encanto ES: Site Modernization i21 Program Henry HS: Theater Hoover HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	0 010 100
Bell MS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Morse HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Encanto ES: Site Modernization i21 Program Henry HS: Theater Hoover HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	8,018,189
Morse HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Encanto ES: Site Modernization i21 Program Henry HS: Theater Hoover HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	5,837,932
Encanto ES: Site Modernization i21 Program Henry HS: Theater Hoover HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	5,632,249
i21 Program Henry HS: Theater Hoover HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	5,570,844
Henry HS: Theater Hoover HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	5,468,276
Hoover HS: HVAC Classrooms (IDIQ) Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	4,528,385
Pershing MS: WSM Project Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	4,242,310
Darnall E. Campus Charter: HVAC Classrooms Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	2,226,779
Misc. Closeout of Projects Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	2,068,627 1,783,582
Misc. Small Projects Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	
Jackson Charter: HVAC Classrooms San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	1 220 105
San Diego HS: Interim Housing O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	1,329,185
O'Farrell Community School: Interim Housing	1,221,541
	1,221,541 880,681
	1,221,541 880,681 784,657
Grant ES: Develop Erosion Control Plan	1,221,541 880,681 784,657 430,000
Mission Bay HS: Stadium Improvement	1,221,541 880,681 784,657 430,000 401,772
Total	1,221,541 880,681 784,657 430,000

NOTE 13 - RESTATEMENT

The July 1, 2014 governmental activities net position has been restated to correct an error for the understatement of accrued interest and accreted interest. The correction reduced the July 1, 2014 beginning net position by \$104,749,488. Additionally, for the year ended June 30, 2014 the change in net position would have been reduced by approximately \$31 million if the accrued interest and accreted interest were recorded in the financial statements.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 29, 2015, the District issued \$185,000,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes. The notes mature on June 30, 2016 and has a coupon rate of 2.00%. The notes were sold by the District to to finance, in part, the District's General Fund cash flow requirements during the 2015-16 fiscal year.

On September 30, 2015, the District issued \$75,400,000 of Election of 2012, Series D, General Obligation Bonds. The bonds mature on July 1, 2016 and have a coupon rate of 0.450%.

On September 30, 2015, the District issued \$78,955,000 of Election of 2012, Series E, General Obligation Bonds. The bonds mature on July 1, 2017 and have a coupon rate of 3.00 - 4.00%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu	dget		Variance
	Original	Final	<u>Actual</u>	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF): State apportionment Local sources	\$ 391,360,489 <u>462,174,085</u>	\$ 391,360,489 	\$ 352,071,420 499,905,218	\$ (39,289,069) 37,731,133
Total LCFF	853,534,574	853,534,574	851,976,638	(1,557,936)
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	86,900,383 120,557,902 28,347,281	145,342,037 133,102,276 <u>39,385,004</u>	95,814,822 220,120,129 40,398,685	(49,527,215) 87,017,853 <u>1,013,681</u>
Total revenues	1,089,340,140	1,171,363,891	1,208,310,274	36,946,383
Expenditures: Current:				
Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies Contract services and operating	529,766,879 205,556,819 294,762,635 43,246,178	547,271,726 197,575,817 292,923,863 64,630,876	544,291,481 200,346,189 317,433,049 41,570,381	2,980,245 (2,770,372) (24,509,186) 23,060,495
expenditures Other outgo Capital outlay	83,457,707 1,350,000 <u>7,987,376</u>	103,575,789 650,000 <u>36,020,239</u>	93,488,302 693,389 <u>3,940,879</u>	10,087,487 (43,389) <u>32,079,360</u>
Total expenditures	1,166,127,594	1,242,648,310	1,201,763,670	40,884,640
(Deficiency) Excess of revenues (under) over expenditures	(76,787,454)	(71,284,419)	6,546,604	77,831,023
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out	39,010,666 (9,895,237)	39,235,666 (12,737,701)	40,203,110 (10,795,268)	967,444 1,942,433
Total other financing sources	29,115,429	26,497,965	29,407,842	2,909,877
Net change in fund balance	(47,672,025)	(44,786,454)	35,954,446	80,740,900
Fund balance, July 1, 2014	128,239,658	128,239,658	128,239,658	
Fund balance, June 30, 2015	<u>\$ 80,567,633</u>	<u>\$ 83,453,204</u>	<u>\$ 164,194,104</u>	<u>\$ 80,740,900</u>

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CAFETERIA FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget							Variance/
		<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u> <u>Actua</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues: Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	\$	52,549,371 3,920,311 7,657,916	\$	52,649,371 3,920,311 7,830,974	\$	49,370,645 4,241,766 6,779,596	\$	(3,278,726) 321,455 (1,051,378)
Total revenues		64,127,598		64,400,656		60,392,007		(4,008,649)
Expenditures: Current:								
Classified salaries		21,526,548		21,715,348		23,012,827		(1,297,479)
Employee benefits Books and supplies		13,403,531 23,242,556		13,172,531 23,334,426		11,645,669 23,306,759		1,526,862 27,667
Contract services and operating				_0,001,120		_0,000,00		_,,
expenditures		2,016,900		2,019,104		2,094,888		(75,784)
Capital outlay		250,000		298,126		248,560		49,566
Total expenditures		60,439,535		60,539,535		60,308,703		230,832
(Deficiency) Excess of revenues (under) over expenditures		3,688,063		3,861,121		83,304		(3,777,817)
Other financing uses: Operating transfers out		(3,489,811)		(1,289,811)		(387,234)		902,577
Net change in fund balance		198,252		2,571,310		(303,930)		(2,875,240)
Fund balance, July 1, 2014	_	2,015,168		2,015,168		2,015,168		
Fund balance, June 30, 2015	\$	2,213,420	\$	4,586,478	\$	1,711,238	\$	(2,875,240)

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>		Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u>		Actuarial Accrued Liability (<u>AAL)</u>		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded <u>Ratio</u>		Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
July 1, 2009 July 1, 2011 July 1, 2013	\$ \$ \$	- -	\$ \$ \$	43,593,885 44,363,640 63,433,214	\$ \$ \$	43,593,885 44,363,640 63,433,214	0% 0% 0%	\$ \$ \$	787,605,484 740,012,391 772,445,263	6% 6% 8%

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.168%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 682,566,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	412,166,000
Total net pension liability	<u>\$1,094,732,000</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 520,247,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	131.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.52%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	2.049%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 242,318,083
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 218,874,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	110.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.38%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 47,882,108
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 47,882,108
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 539,213,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.88%

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 27,757,643
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 27,757,643
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 235,813,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.77%

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Education to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

Excess of expenditure over appropriation in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Classified Salaries	\$ 2,770,372
Employee benefits	\$ 24,509,186

Excess of expenditure over appropriation in the Cafeteria Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Classified Salaries	\$ 1,297,479
Contract Services and Operating Expenditures	\$ 75,784

These excesses are not in accordance with Education Code Section 42600.

B - Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress

The Schedule of Funding Progress presents multi-year trend information which compares, over time, the actuarially accrued liability for benefits with the actuarial value of accumulated plan assets.

C - Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

The Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's Net Pension Liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

D – <u>Schedule of the District's Contributions</u>

The Schedule of the District's Contributions is presented to illustrate the District's required contributions relating to the pensions. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

E – Changes of Benefit Terms

There are no changes in benefit terms reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

F - Changes of Assumptions

There are no changes in assumptions reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2015

ASSETS	E	Adult ducation <u>Fund</u>	Child Develop- ment <u>Fund</u>	-	eferred intenance <u>Fund</u>	Tra	Pupil nsportation <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	С	ounty School Facilities <u>Fund</u>	-	Special Reserve for apital Outlay Projects <u>Fund</u>	Non-Major overnmental <u>Total</u>
A33E13													
Cash in County Treasury Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures	\$	131,872 3,727 46,015 -	\$ 1,833,576 1,808,205 6,656,758 2,392	\$	- 159 - -	\$	992,035 963 - -	\$ 43,465,952 32,149 116,609 -	\$	86,398,345 99,379 1,233,708 -	\$	5,639,321 10,240 162,906 <u>467</u>	\$ 138,461,101 1,954,822 8,215,996 2,859
Total assets	\$	181,614	\$ 10,300,931	\$	159	\$	992,998	\$ 43,614,710	\$	87,731,432	\$	5,812,934	\$ 148,634,778
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	686 1,121 <u>117,283</u> 119,090	\$ 156,931 - <u>10,075,394</u> 10,232,325	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,218,511 - 2,517,939 3,736,450	\$	1,402,595 - <u>1,657,351</u> 3,059,946	\$	26,315 - <u>301,024</u> 327,339	\$ 2,805,038 1,121 <u>14,668,991</u> 17,475,150
Total habilities		113,030	 10,232,323				_	 3,730,430		3,039,940		527,555	 17,473,130
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- 42,410 20,114	 2,392 53,334 12,880		- - 159		- - 992,998	 - 39,878,260 -		- 84,671,486 -		467 5,485,128 -	 2,859 130,130,618 1,026,151
Total fund balance		62,524	 68,606		159		992,998	 39,878,260		84,671,486		5,485,595	 131,159,628
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	181,614	\$ 10,300,931	\$	159	\$	992,998	\$ 43,614,710	\$	87,731,432	\$	5,812,934	\$ 148,634,778

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Child Develop- ment <u>Fund</u>	Deferred Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Pupil Transportation <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	County School Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects <u>Fund</u>	Non-Major Governmental <u>Total</u>
Revenues: Local Control Funding Formula: Local sources	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>
Total LCFF	509,600							509,600
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	- 19,877 116,721	450,454 14,805,841 <u>5,388,600</u>	- - 713	- - 605,691	- - 35,257,693	- 1,945,701 693,471	- - 3,457,691	450,454 16,771,419 45,520,580
Total revenues	646,198	20,644,895	713	605,691	35,257,693	2,639,172	3,457,691	63,252,053
Expenditures: Current:	070 704	0.005.004						0.000.000
Certificated salaries Classified salaries	373,791 56,429	8,625,291 7,772,837	-	-	- 5.631.174	- 253,978	- 1,058,191	8,999,082 14,772,609
Employee benefits	154,354	7,618,735	-	-	3,103,471	77,056	349,545	11,303,161
Books and supplies Contract services and operating	30,284	768,091	-	29,654	573,486	75,163	37,012	1,513,690
expenditures Capital outlay	170,910 	352,877 	181,412 	6,300 <u>55,209</u>	3,846,197 10,452,764	446,443 10,912,038	897,638 <u>36,036</u>	5,901,777 21,456,047
Total expenditures	785,768	25,137,831	181,412	91,163	23,607,092	11,764,678	2,378,422	63,946,366
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(139,570)	(4,492,936)	(180,699)	514,528	11,650,601	(9,125,506)	1,079,269	(694,313)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Proceeds from sale of building/land	- (23,968) -	5,529,117 (982,847)	-	- -	- (11,888,849) -	1,233,708 - -	(27,109,061) 21,618,399	6,762,825 (40,004,725) 21,618,399
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,968)	4,546,270			(11,888,849)	1,233,708	(5,490,662)	(11,623,501)
Net change in fund balances	(163,538)	53,334	(180,699)	514,528	(238,248)	(7,891,798)	(4,411,393)	(12,317,814)
Fund balances, July 1, 2014	226,062	15,272	180,858	478,470	40,116,508	92,563,284	9,896,988	143,477,442
Fund balances, June 30, 2015	\$ 62,524	\$ 68,606	\$ 159	\$ 992,998	\$ 39,878,260	\$ 84,671,486	\$ 5,485,595	\$ 131,159,628

San Diego Unified School District (the "District") began operations in 1854 under the laws of the State of California. The San Diego Unified School District serves nearly 130,000 students in kindergarten through grade 12, which includes students in Charter School. The District's educational facilities include 108 elementary schools, 9 K-8 schools, 25 middle/junior high schools, 24 senior high schools, 12 atypical/alternative schools, and 49 charter schools.

Name

Marne Foster Dr. John Lee Evans Michael McQuary Richard Barrera Kevin Beiser

GOVERNING BOARD

<u>Office</u>

President Vice President Member Member Member

Term Expires

December 2016 December 2016 December 2018 December 2016 December 2018

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Cindy Marten Superintendent of Public Education

> Staci Monreal Chief of Staff

Tim Asfazadour Chief Human Resources Officer

> W. Drew Rowlands Chief Operations Officer

Jenny Salkeld Chief Financial Officer

Andra Donovan General Counsel

Lee Dulgeroff Chief Facilities, Planning and Construction Officer

> Dan Stoneman Chief Innovation Officer

Ursula Kroemer Chief Public Information Officer

Jim Solo Executive Director, Leadership and Learning

Cheryl Hibbeln Executive Director, Office of Secondary Schools

> Sonia Picos Executive Director, Special Education

> > (Continued)

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION June 30, 2015

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS (Continued)

Linda Trousdale Acting Executive Director, Student Services

Richard Vernon Moore Executive Director, Office of Youth Advocacy

> Bruce Bivins Area 1 Superintendent

> Lamont Jackson Area 2 Superintendent

> Kimie Lochtefeld Area 3 Superintendent

Dr. Sofia Freire Area 4 Superintendent

Mitzi Merino Area 5 Superintendent

Fabiola Bagula Area 6 Superintendent

Cherly Ward Director Board Services

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Second Period <u>Report</u>	Annual <u>Report</u>
Transitional Kindergarten through Third Regular ADA Special Education	36,614 65	36,522 67
Total Transitional Kindergarten through Third	36,679	36,589
Fourth through Sixth Regular ADA Special Education Community Day School Total Fourth through Sixth	24,467 69 1 24,537	24,402 73 2 2
-		
Seventh through Eighth Regular ADA Special Education Community Day School	14,024 74 <u>8</u>	14,002 76 <u>9</u>
Total Seventh through Eighth	14,106	14,087
Ninth through Twelfth Regular ADA Special Education Community Day School	28,407 222 13	28,020 236 16
Total Ninth through Twelfth	28,642	28,272
District Total	103,964	103,425

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Minutes	Minutes Require-	2014-2015		
	Require-	ment	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	ment	Reduced	<u>Minutes</u>	of Days	<u>Status</u>
District:					
Kindergarten	36,000	35,000	56,120	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	49,000	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	49,000	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	49,000	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	52,500	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	52,500	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	52,500	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	52,500	60,285	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	52,500	60,285	180	In Compliance
Grade 9	64,800	63,000	64,880	180	In Compliance
Grade 10	64,800	63,000	64,880	180	In Compliance
Grade 11	64,800	63,000	64,880	180	In Compliance
Grade 12	64,800	63,000	64,880	180	In Compliance

Federal Catalog <u>Number</u>	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
<u>U.S. Departmer</u> of Educatior	nt of Education - Passed through California Department		
84.010	NCLB: Title I, Part A Basic Grants, Low Income and Neglected	14329	\$ 34,894,126
84.027	Special Education Cluster: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec. 611 (Formerly 94-142)	13379	20,052,813
84.027A	IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec. 611 (Age 3-5)	13682	1,149,468
84.173	IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec. 619		
84.027	Age (3-5) IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec. 619	13430	800,352
	Private School ISPs	10115	215,769
84.173A	IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec. 619	13431	5,823
84.027A	IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec. 611	14468	 1,179,036
	Subtotal Special Education Cluster		 23,403,261
84.365 84.365	NCLB: Title III Programs: NCLB: Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Programs NCLB: Title III, Immigrant Education Program	14346 15146	 2,653,694 <u>512,418</u>
	Subtotal NCLB: Title III Programs		 3,166,112
84.041 84.041	Federal Impact Aid Programs: Federal Impact Aid Federal Impact Aid - Special Ed	10015 14792	 7,641,635 2,129,559
	Subtotal Federal Impact Aid Programs		 9,771,194
84.165 84.165	Magnet School Assistance Program: Magnet School Assistance Program Magnet School Assistance Program - Positions	* *	 2,031,405 1,248,543
	Subtotal Magnet School Assistance Program		 3,279,948

Federal Catalog <u>Number</u>	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
U.S. Department of Education (of Education - Passed through California Department (Continued)		
84.048 84.060	Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131 (Vocational Education) Indian Education	14894 10011	\$ 1,132,780 73,556
84.181 84.184	Special Ed: IDEA Early Intervention Grants, Part C Safe and Supportive Schools Programmatic	23761	297,052
84.367	Intervention NCLB: Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality	15164	92,262
84.287	Local Grants NCLB: Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community	14341	3,449,116
84.184E	Learning Centers Program Readiness and Emergency Management for Schools	14681	2,603,286 109,950
84.351D 84.UNKNOWN*	Arts in Education JROTC	*	103,481 2,909,346
84.UNKNOWN* 84.334(A)	California State Gear Up Program	* 10088	29,110 18,060
84.330C 84.158	Advanced Placement Program Department of Rehab: Workability II, Transition Partnership Total U.S. Department of Education	* 10006	784,497 <u>738,880</u> <u>86,856,017</u>
U.S. Department of Education	of Defense - Passed through California Department		
12.UNKNOWN* 12.UNKNOWN* 12.UNKNOWN* 12.UNKNOWN*	Direct Federal to Local Funding: Operation Student Virtual Learning Thrive and Learn Op Student Achievement Operation World Language	* * *	504,628 741,871 20,097 259,334
	Subtotal Direct Programs		1,525,930
12.600 12.600	Community Investment Program: Department of Defense Off Econ Adj Grant Hancok Department of Defense Off Econ Adj Grant Miller	*	1,423,573 1,291,265
	Subtotal Community Investment Program		2,714,838
	Total U.S. Department of Defense		4,240,768

Federal Catalog <u>Number</u> U.S. Department	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</u> t of Health and Human Services - Passed through	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
	partment of Education		
93.575	Child Development: Federal General and Preschool, Family Child Care Home	15136	\$ 450,456
93.079	Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance	*	455,860
93.576	Refugee and Entrant Assistance Discretionary Grant	*	4,250
93.778	Department of Health Services: Medi-Cal Billing Option	10013	 2,224,691
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Servic	ces	 3,135,257
<u>U.S. Department</u> of Education	t of Agriculture - Passed through California Department		
10.553 10.579	Child Nutrition: National School Lunch Program Child Nutrition: NSLP Equipment Assistance Grant	13526 14906	 49,283,867 <u>95,029</u>
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		 49,378,896
	Total Federal Programs		\$ <u>143,610,938</u>

* - PCS or CFDA Number not available for not applicable.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	S	elf-Insurance <u>Fund</u>
June 30, 2015 Unaudited Actual Financial Reporting Ending Fund Balance:	\$	83,733,952
Difference due to unpaid claims liability		(67,614,000)
June 30, 2015 Audit Financial Statements Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	16,119,952

There were no audit adjustments proposed to any other funds of the District.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

	(Adopted Budget) <u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
General Fund				
Revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$1,089,340,140</u>	<u>\$1,248,513,384</u>	<u>\$1,178,534,344</u>	<u>\$1,064,659,612</u>
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	1,161,760,676 (9,895,237)	1,201,763,670 10,795,268	1,116,177,090 10,216,324	1,079,292,899 9,141,951
Total outgo	1,151,865,439	1,212,558,938	1,126,393,414	1,088,434,850
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ (62,525,299</u>)	<u>\$ 35,954,446</u>	<u>\$ 52,140,930</u>	<u>\$ (23,775,238</u>)
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 101,668,805</u>	<u>\$ 164,194,104</u>	<u>\$ 128,239,658</u>	<u>\$ 76,098,728</u>
Available reserves	<u>\$ 43,127,292</u>	<u>\$ 39,023,314</u>	<u>\$ 50,707,518</u>	<u>\$ 45,258,671</u>
Designated for economic uncertainties	<u>\$23,434,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,236,000</u>	<u>\$ 22,483,000</u>	<u>\$21,717,000</u>
Undesignated fund balance	<u>\$ 19,693,292</u>	<u>\$ 14,787,314</u>	<u>\$ 28,224,518</u>	<u>\$ 23,541,671</u>
Available reserves as percentages of total outgo	3.74%	3.22%	4.51%	4.20%
All Funds				
Total long-term liabilities	\$3,446,506,136	\$3,527,079,664	<u>\$3,761,921,741</u>	\$2,553,223,652
Average daily attendance at P-2	102,890	103,963	106,099	106,840

The General Fund fund balance has increased by \$64,320,138 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2015-16 budget projects a decrease of \$62,525,299. For a district this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 2% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses be maintained. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District has met this requirement.

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years, and anticipates an operating deficit in fiscal year 2015-2016.

Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$973,856,012 over the past two years, as shown in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 2,877 over the past two years. A decrease of 1,073 ADA is projected for the 2015-2016 fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Charter School	Status	Included in District Report
American's Finest Charter School	Active	No
Arroyo Paseo Charter High School	Active	No
Audeo	Active	No
Charter School of San Diego	Active	No
City Heights Preparatory Charter	Active	No
Coleman Tech High	Active	No
Darnall Charter	Active	No
e3 Civic High	Active	No
Einstein Academy	Active	No
Albert Einstein Middle Charter School	Active	No
Elevate Charter	Active	No
Empower Charter	Active	No
Epiphany	Active	No
Explorer	Active	No
Gompers Preparatory Academy	Active	No
Health Sciences High	Active	No
Health Sciences Middle	Active	No
High Tech High	Active	No
High Tech International	Active	No
High Tech Media Arts	Active	No
High Tech Middle	Active	No
High Tech Middle Media Arts	Active	No
Holly Drive Leadership Academy	Active	No
Iftin Charter School	Active	No
Innovations Academy	Active	No
Kavod	Active	No
Keiller Leadership Academy	Active	No
King-Chavez Academy of Excellence	Active	No
King-Chavez Arts Academy	Active	No
King-Chavez Athletics Academy	Active	No
King-Chavez Community High	Active	No
King-Chavez Preparatory Academy	Active	No
King -Chavez Primary Academy	Active	No
Kipp Adelante Preparatory Academy	Active	No
Laurel Preparatory Academy	Active	No
Learning Choice Academy	Active	No
Magnolia Science Academy San Diego	Active	No
McGill School of Success	Active	No
The Museum School	Active	No
O'Farrell Charter	Active	No
Old Town Academy K-8 Charter	Active	No
Preuss School UCSD	Active	No
Evangeline Roberts Institute of Learning	Active	No
San Diego Cooperative Charter	Active	No
San Diego Cooperative Charter School 2	Active	No
San Diego Global Vision Academy	Active	No
San Diego Global Vision Academy Middle	Active	No
Harriet Tubman Village Charter	Active	No
Urban Discovery Academy	Active	No

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

B - Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District, and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

C - Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

OMB Circular A-133 requires a disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs. This schedule was prepared to comply with A-133 requirements, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The following schedule provides a reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues that have not been expended by June 30, 2015.

	\$ 147,397,627
* 84.041 * * 93.778 84.330C * 10.553	(1,761,706) (4,169,399) (12,469) (16,976) (325,155) 80,704 606,120 1,803,941 <u>8,251</u>
	<u>\$ 143,610,938</u>
	* * 93.778 84.330C

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (Continued)

D - Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total long-term liabilities as reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

E - Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis - Unaudited

This schedule provides information on the District's financial condition over the past three years and its anticipated condition for the 2015-2016 fiscal year, as required by the State Controller's Office. The information in this schedule has been derived from audited information.

F - Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

NOTE 2 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Education Code Section 14502 requires certain disclosure in the financial statements of districts which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Section 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District did not adopt such a program.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Audit Committee and Board of Education San Diego Unified School District San Diego, California

Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We have audited San Diego Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of California 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Description	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time School Districts	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Regional Occupational Centers or Programs Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Adult Education Maintenance of Effort	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program:	
General requirements	Yes
After school	Yes
Before school	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Common Core Implementation Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Attendance, for charter schools	No, see below
Mode of Instruction, for charter schools	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study,	
for charter schools	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction, for charter schools	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom-Based,	.
for charter schools	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

We did not perform any procedures related to Early Retirement Incentive Program because the District did not offer this program in the current year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools because the District did not operate this program in the current year.

We did not perform any procedures related to charter schools because the District does not include any charter schools in this report.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations, as listed above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations as listed above, of San Diego Unified School District. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state laws and regulations listed above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about San Diego Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of San Diego Unified School District's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

As described in Finding 2015-003 in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs, San Diego Unified School District did not comply with requirements regarding Attendance. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for San Diego Unified School District to comply with state laws and regulations applicable to Attendance Reporting.

Qualified Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, San Diego Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2015. Further, based on our examination, for items not tested, nothing came to our attention to indicate that San Diego Unified School District had not complied with the state laws and regulations.

Other Matter

San Diego Unified School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. San Diego Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2014-15 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe Horwark LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Sacramento, California November 30, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Audit Committee and Board of Education San Diego Unified School District San Diego, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Diego Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise San Diego Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered San Diego Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Diego Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of San Diego Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2015-001 that we considered to be a significant deficiency. Additionally, we identified a deficiency in internal control that was communicated to management as identified in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2015-002.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether San Diego Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Response to Finding

San Diego Unified School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. San Diego Unified School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe Horwark LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Sacramento, California November 30, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Audit Committee and Board of Education San Diego Unified School District San Diego, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited San Diego Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of San Diego Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. San Diego Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of San Diego Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about San Diego Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of San Diego Unified School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, San Diego Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of San Diego Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered San Diego Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of San Diego Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe Horwark LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Sacramento, California November 30, 2015 FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes <u>X</u> No X Yes None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes <u>X</u> No Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553 84.041 84.165 84.287	Child Nutrition Federal Impact Aid Program Magnet School Assistance Program 21st Century Community Learning Centers
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 3,000,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> Yes No
STATE AWARDS	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Qualified

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2015-001 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY – RESTATEMENT OF ACCRETED AND ACCRUED INTEREST (30000)

<u>Criteria</u>

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board (Governmental GAAP) requires that the District accrue accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds over the life of the bond. Additionally, the District is required to accrue interest outstanding as of the reporting date (June 30th) for unpaid interest on the general obligation bond.

Condition

The District's financial statements prepared for the year ended June 30, 2014 did not include the accrual for accreted interest or the accrual for accrued interest.

Effect

The effect of this deficiency was an understatement of government-wide long-term liabilities of \$104,749,488 as of July 1, 2014.

<u>Cause</u>

The District internal controls related to year end interest accruals for the general obligation bonds were not adequate to ensure all items were included in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiscal Impact

There is no fiscal impact as the District has restated the beginning net position to accrue the accreted interest and accrued interest as of July 1, 2014. Additionally the District recorded the appropriate journal entries in the current fiscal year to accrue all required liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

Recommendation

We recommend that the District prepare a schedule of annual accruals for accreted interest and accrued interest as of the end of the reporting period. This schedule should be maintained on an ongoing basis and reviewed annually prior to the recording of the top-side conversion entries for the government-wide financial statements.

Corrective Action Plan

The District concurs with the recommendation and will prepare a schedule of annual accruals for accreted interest and accrued interest. The schedule will be maintained and reviewed annually by staff and the District's financial advisor prior to the recording of the conversion entry.

2015-002 DEFICIENCY - INTERNAL CONTROL - ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (30000)

<u>Criteria</u>

Education Code Section 48930 (and California Department of Education's "Accounting Procedures for Student Organizations Handbook") requires student body organizations to follow the regulations set by the Governing Board of the school district.

Condition

Standley Middle School

Finding / Condition:

- Receipts or records are not maintained when funds are turned into the ASB advisors.
- A dual count is not being performed when funds are turned into the office.

San Diego High School, School of International Studies

Finding / Condition:

• A dual count is not being performed when funds are turned into the office.

Hawthorne Elementary

Finding / Condition:

• A dual count is not being performed when funds are turned into the office.

Morse High School

Finding / Condition:

• Monthly reconciliations are not performed in a timely manner.

Rodriguez Elementary

Finding / Condition:

• The school site is not retaining documentation to support cash receipt totals. Nor are detailed records of cash received from sales maintained.

Point Loma High School

Finding / Condition:

• Fundraiser forms are not being approved by the site Principal.

2015-002 DEFICIENCY - INTERNAL CONTROL - ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (30000) (Continued)

Mark Twain High School

Finding / Condition:

- Student store inventories are not being reviewed periodically to determine propriety as to character and quantities.
- Records of sales are not maintained
- Profit and loss statements are not created for the student store.

Robert E. Lee Elementary

Finding / Condition:

• The school site is not retaining documentation to support cash receipt totals. Nor are detailed records of cash received from sales maintained.

Dana Middle School

Finding / Condition:

• The school site is not retaining documentation to support cash receipt totals. Nor are detailed records of cash received from sales maintained.

Eugene Field Elementary

Finding / Condition:

- Documentation to support cash receipt totals and records of number and type of sales are not maintained.
- A dual count is not being performed when funds are turned into the office.
- Equipment was purchased by the student body that was inconsistent with District practices.

Pacific Beach Middle School

Finding / Condition:

• Fundraiser forms are not being approved by the site Principal.

Florence Elementary School

Finding / Condition:

• Fundraiser forms are not being approved by the site Principal.

Effect

ASB funds could potentially be misappropriated.

2015-002 DEFICIENCY - INTERNAL CONTROL - ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (30000) (Continued)

<u>Cause</u>

Adequate internal control procedures have not been implemented and enforced.

Fiscal Impact

Not determinable.

Recommendation

- Fundraiser's should be approved prior to the date of the fundraiser.
- Student store inventories should be reviewed periodically to determine propriety as to character and quantities.
- Records of sales should be reconciled to money received on a daily basis.
- Profit/loss statements should be completed for the student store.
- Cash count forms should be performed evidencing dual count of funds for receipt of funds.
- · Cash receipts should be provided and maintained when money is turned into the office.
- Monthly reconciliation's should be done in a timely manner.

Corrective Action Plan

The District provides training and on-site visits on the Associated Student Body Handbook, which outlines the issues noted by the auditor's recommendations, some at a greater level than what has been suggested. The District will provide additional training focused on the noted findings.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2015

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2015-003 STATE COMPLIANCE - ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000)

<u>Criteria</u>

Attendance Accounting and Reporting in California Public Schools, Title 5, CCR, Section 401 and 421 (b) and Education Code Section 44809 - Each LEA must develop and maintain accurate and adequate records to support the attendance reported to the State.

Condition

Curie Elementary School had an absence note for a student that was not reflected properly in the attendance accounting system.

Effect

The effect of this finding is an overstatement of 0.008 ADA.

<u>Cause</u>

The errors were the result of clerical errors in accounting for attendance.

Fiscal Impact

The error is below 0.50 ADA, therefore there is no fiscal impact.

Recommendation

The District should enforce controls to ensure accurate accounting for attendance.

Corrective Action Plan

Staff training with school site personnel will be conducted. The attendance finding noted was corrected at the school site by attendance personnel. No corrections were necessary for the P-2 or Annual reports.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Year Ended June 30, 2015

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	District Explanation If Not Implemented
2014-01	Partially implemented.	See current year finding 2015-002.
 At various school sites tested: Cash receipts were not supported by documentation to support cash collection. Cash receipts were not deposited on a timely manner. Cash disbursement for inappropriate expenditure. Meeting minutes are not maintained. Lack of proper approval of expenditures. 		2010-002.
Recommendations: Staff members that handle student funds should be reminded of the importance of sound internal controls, proper documentation over cash receipts and the proper approval of expenditures. Instruction on the use of standardized formats should continue to be provided annually with compliance follow-up by the district office. The District should be provided each student boy account clerk with the latest FCMAT Associated Student Body Accounting Manual & Desk Reference and reinforce the importance for sound internal control procedures to be implemented.		
2014-02	Implemented.	
Inventory recorded on the general ledger did not agree to the Inventory count.	implemented.	
Recommendation: The District should implement sufficient		

and appropriate internal control procedures to ensure transactions are recorded.

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Year Ended June 30, 2015

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	District Explanation If Not Implemented
2014-03	Implemented.	
At various school sites tested:Students were not credited with the correct number of days' attendance.Required early release approval form is not retained.		
Recommendation: The District should continue to provide oversight and training to staff responsible for reconciling attendance records regarding the importance of accurately reviewing scanned attendance for discrepancies when comparing against signed rosters and student early release policies.		
2014-04E	Implemented	
Pupils enrolled in kindergarten for consecutive years did not have a signed parental agreement to continue form.		
<u>Recommendation:</u> The school sites should review the parental agreement form to ensure students continuing kindergarten after one year of enrollment have properly completed and signed parental agreement forms.		
2014-05: ATTENDANCE REPORTING		
At various schools students were improperly counted as present.	Partially Implemented	See current year finding 2015-003.
Recommendation: The school sites should follow District attendance procedures for the attendance system.		

SAN DIEGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Year Ended June 30, 2015

Finding/Recommendation

Current Status

District Explanation If Not Implemented

2014-06

Implemented.

At various schools, independent study contracts were not appropriately completed (missing signatures, work samples and contracts).

Recommendation:

Procedures are fully followed to obtain all required elements of the independent study agreement on or before the independent study start date.